

CHRIS VAN ALLSBURG UNIT

CONTENT AREA: Language Arts

Grade Level: Elementary

This unit was developed for teachers to be able to use some of the most popular Chris Van Allsburg units in their classrooms with Deaf and Hard of Hearing students. The unit was designed with videos created in American Sign Language as well as worksheets and activities for teachers, students and parents to access and support the text from the book.

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JUMANJI

Judy and Peter Shepherd find a jungle adventure game called Jumanji, which someone has abandoned in the park. After taking Jumanji home, they find a warning: "Do not begin unless you intend to finish." When they begin to play, they discover that anything that happens in the game also happens in real life!

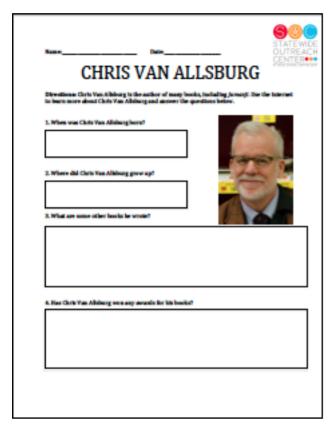
This unit has been developed with activities and worksheets that are aligned with the Texas Essential Skills and Knowledge for easy curriculum integration. There is a video where the story is told in American Sign Langauge by Russell Harvard to help Deaf and Hard of Hearing students make better connections with the story and text to increase their literacy skills.



https://youtu.be/8b7-wqga5gl

JUMANJI ACTIVITIES

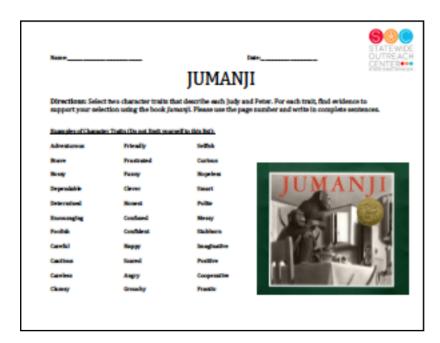
About the Author



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Chris Van Allsburg is the author of many books, including Jumanji. Use the internet to learn more about him and answer the questions.

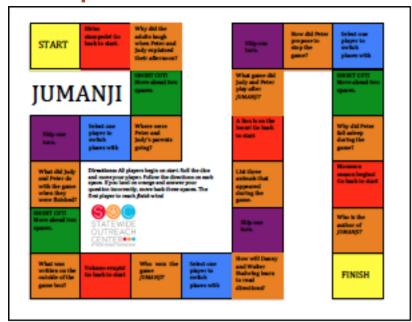
Character Changes



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Select two character traits that describe each Judy and Peter. Find evidence to support your selection using the book. Use the page number and write in complete sentences.

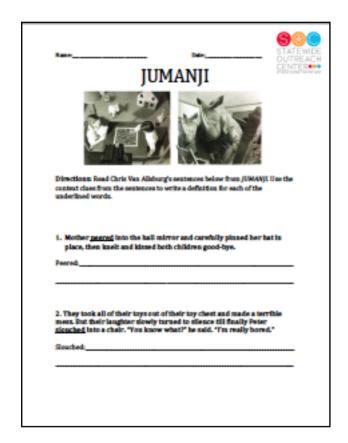
Comprehension Game



Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Directions: Play the game Jumanji. The first player to reach FINISH wins.

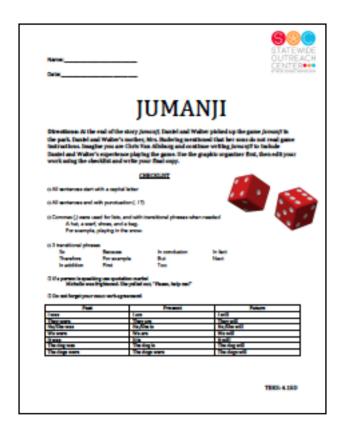
Context Clues



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Use context clues from the sentences to write a definition for each of the underlined words.

Continue The Story



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: At the end of the story Jumanki, Daniel and Walter picked up the game Jumanji in the park. Daniel and Walter's mother mentioned that her sons do not read game instructions. Imagine you are Chris Van Allsburg and continue writing Jumanji to include Daniel and Walter's experience.

Diary Entry



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Imagine that you are Judy or Peter, and you just finished playing the game Jumanji. Write a diary entry sharing your experiences. Use the graphic organizer first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

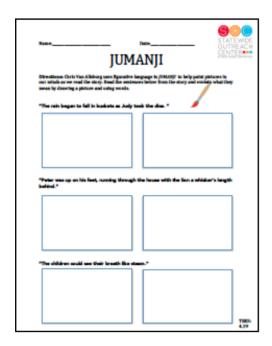
Dictionary

Same. JUMANJI Directions After resulting the story (MANS); go through the book and what few words you are unlike filler with. Write the filer words in the spaces before. When you are then, one a dictionary in that the declaration has been asset as the story of th					
Vocabulary Word	Definition	Sentence			
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
		THS 42			

Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Directions: After reading the story, go through the book and select five words you are unfamiliar with. Write them in the spaces provided. Use a dictionary to find the definition that you feel best fits the word and write a sentence of your own using the word.

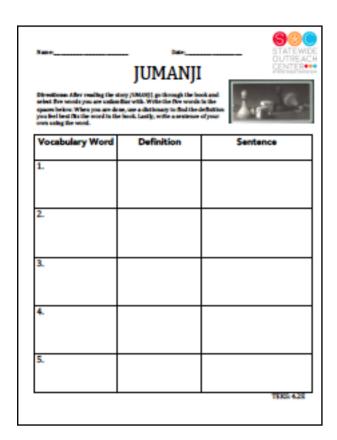
Figurative Language



Length of Actvity: 20 minutes

Directions: Read the sentences from the story and explain what they mean by drawing a picture and using words.

Inferences



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Make four inferences while reading the book Jumanji.

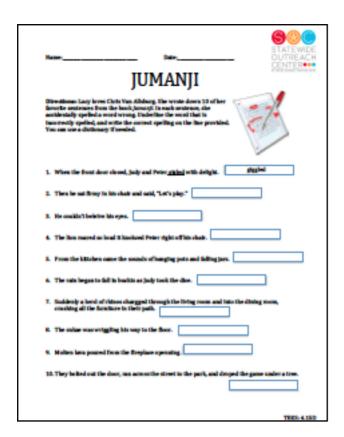
Predictions



Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Directions: After reading, or the teacher reading, the first 2 pages of Jumanji, write how you predict the remainder of the story will unfold. Be specific and use details.

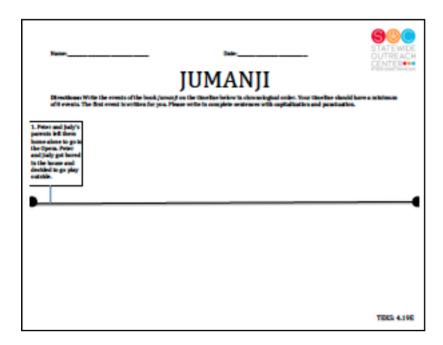
Spelling Edits



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Each sentence has a word that is spelled incorrectly. Underline the word that is incorrectly spelled and write the correct spelling on the line provided.

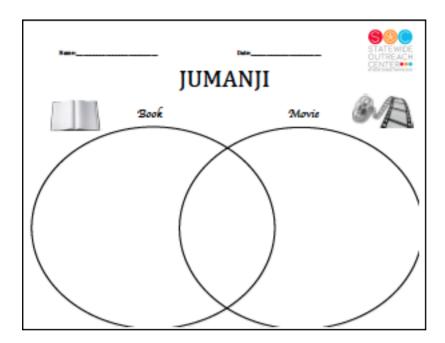
Timeline



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Write the events of the book Jumanji on the timeline in choronological order. Your timeline should have a minimum of 8 events.

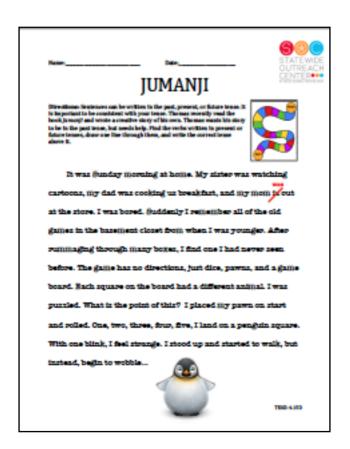
Venn Diagram



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Use the Venn Diagram to compare the book Jumanji and the movie Jumani to one another.

Verb Tense



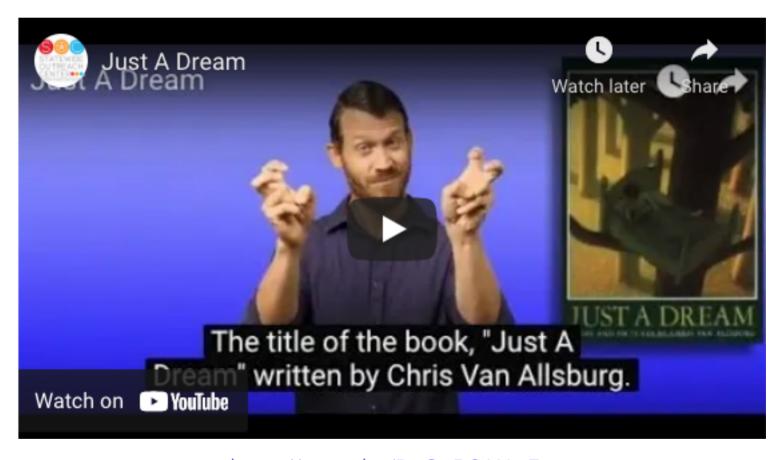
Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Correct the verbs in the story.

JUST A DREAM

Just a Dream is a picture book about a boy named Walter who has a dream that takes him on an unforgettable adventure. The dream shows Walter what will happen to Earth if people don't start taking better care of it.

This unit has been developed with activities and worksheets that are aligned with the Texas Essential Skills and Knowledge for easy curriculum integration. There is video where the story is told in American Sign Langauge by Russell Harvard to help Deaf and Hard of Hearing students make better connections with the story and text to increase their literacy skills.



https://youtu.be/BqGgD9AHwFg

JUST A DREAM ACTIVITIES

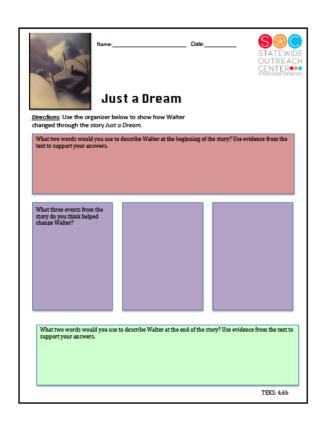
Just A Dream - Articles Worksheet



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Edit the sentences to add the articles (a, an, the) to make the sentences correct.

Character Change

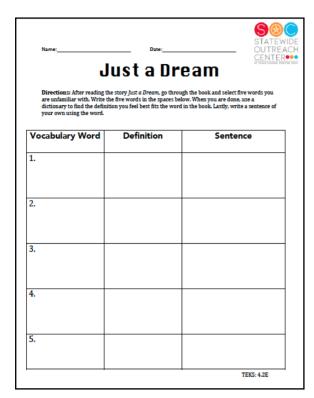


Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Use the organizer to show how Walter

changed through the story, Just a Dream.

Dictionary



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: After reading the story Just a Dream, go through the book and select five words you are unfamiliar with. Write those five words in the spaces below. When you are done, use a dictionary to find the definition you feel best fits the word. Then, write a sentence using your own words.

Pre-reading Questions



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Before reading Just a Dream, answer the

questions on the worksheet.

Predictions



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: The title of the book is Just a Dream. Consider the title and the words and phrases below from the story and make 3 predictions.

Questions



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Answer the questions using information and thoughts from the story.

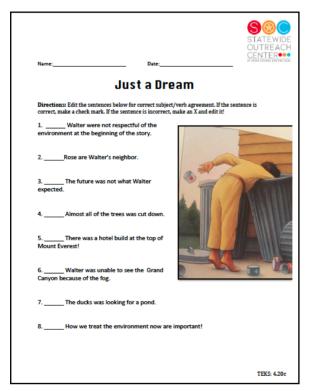
Sensory



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Use the chart to represent the 5 senses. During or after reading Just a Dream, categorize Chris Van Allsburg's sensory details.

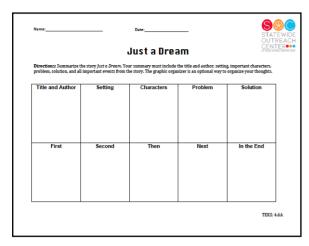
Subject-Verb Agreement



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Edit the sentences below for correct subject/verb agreement. If the sentence is correct, make a check mark. If it is incorrect, make an X and edit the sentence.

Summary



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Summarize the story Just a Dream. Your summary must include title and author, setting, important characters, problem, solution and all important events from the story.

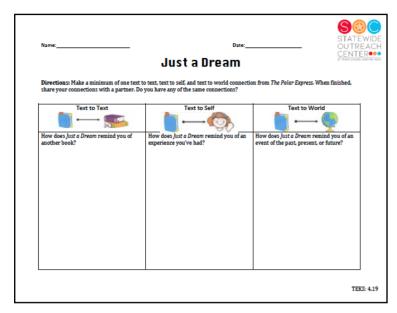
Synonyms



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Match the words in the box with their synonyms. Use the sentences from the story Just a Dream to help determine the meaning of words.

Text Connections

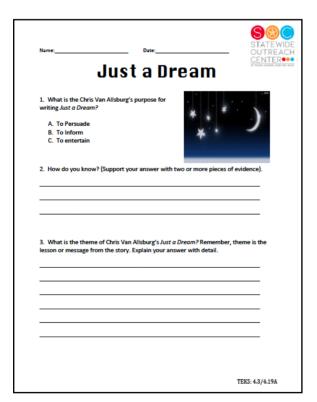


Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Make a minimum of one text to text, text to self, and text to world connection

from Just a Dream. When finished share your connections with a partner.

Theme and Purpose



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Answer the questions on the worksheet related to the theme and purpose of the story, Just a Dream.

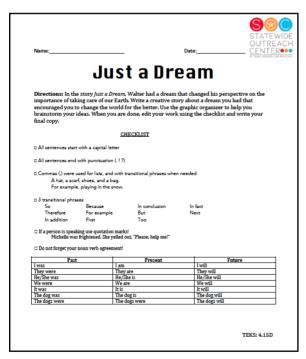
Transition Words



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Using the list of transition words, add four of your own transition words to the list. When you are done,

Writing



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: In the story Just a Dream, Walter had a dream that changed his perspective on the importance of taking care of our Earth. Write a creative story about a dream you had that encouraged you to change the world for the better.

THE POLAR EXPRESS

A wonderful train full of children who want to believe in Santa winds its way to the North Pole and a meeting with the big man himself. As a tradition, every year Santa chooses one child to be the first to receive a present before he takes to his sled to deliver gifts to all the good boys and girls of the world. Instead of asking for a big gift, Chris asks for one of the sleigh's bells, so that he can hold on to his belief in Santa.

This tale of belief and the wonderment of the holidays words well with children of all ages.

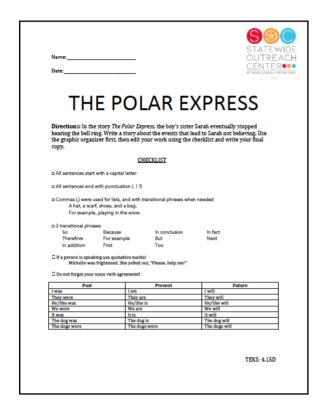
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https://youtu.be/jBXRUyLaJXw

POLAR EXPRESS ACTIVITIES

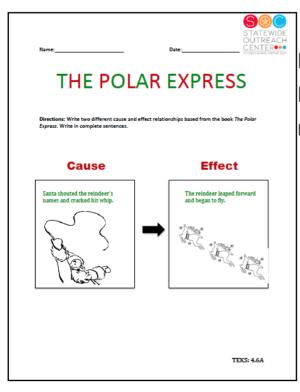
Believer - Writing Assignments



Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Directions: In the story The Polar Express, the boy's sister Sarah eventually stopped hearing the bell ring. Write a story about the events that lead to Sarah not believing. Use the graphic organizer first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

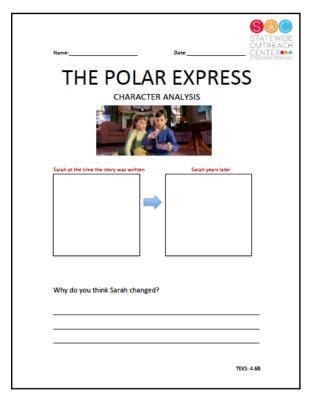
Cause and Effect



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Write two different cause and effect relationships based from the book The Polar Express. Write in complete sentences.

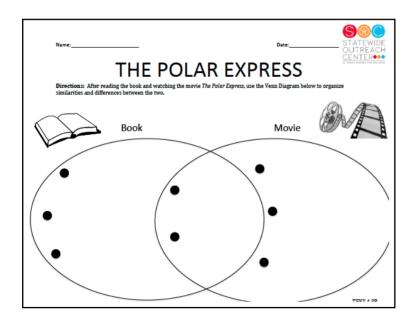
Character Analysis



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Activity: This activity allows students to look at the characters in the story and look at them and their character traits more closely.

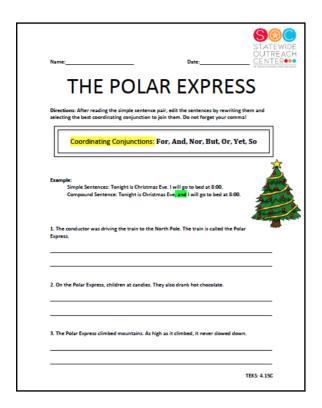
Compare and Contrast



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: After reading the book and watching the movie The Polar Express, use the Venn Diagram below to organize similarities and differences between the two.

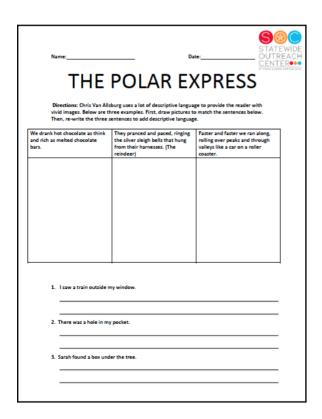
Compound Sentences



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: After reading the simple sentence pair, edit the sentences by rewriting them and selecting the best coordinating conjunction to join them. Do not forget your comma!

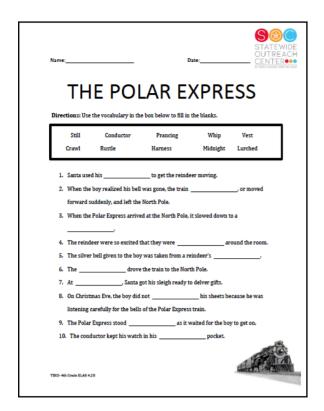
Descriptive Language Activity



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Chris Van Allsburg uses a lot of descriptive language to provide the reader with vivid images. Below are three examples. First, draw pictures to match the sentences below. Then, re-write the three sentences to add descriptive language.

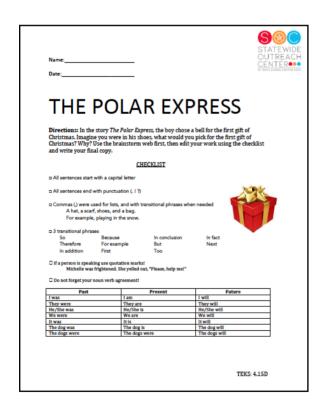
Fill In The Blank Activity



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Activity: Students will use the words provided to fill in the blanks.

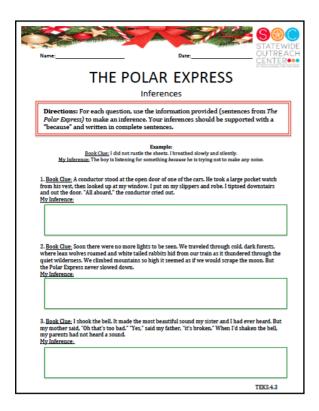
The First Gift of Christmas Activity



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: In the story The Polar Express, the boy chose a bell for the first gift of Christmas. Imagine you were in his shoes, what would you pick for the first gift of Christmas? Why? Use the brainstorm web first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

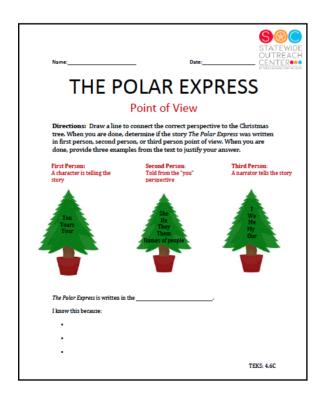
Inferences Worksheet



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Activity: In this worksheet, students will use the information provided (sentences from The Polar Express) to make an inference. The inferences should be supported with a "because" and written in complete sentences.

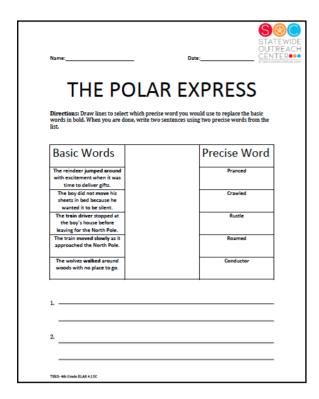
Point of View Activity



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Activity: In this activity, point of view is considered. Students will look at first, second and third person and identify how they know.

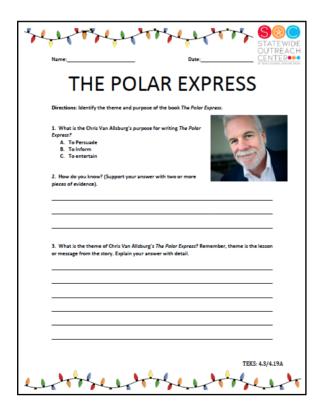
Using Precise Words Activity



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Activity: In this activity, students will identify which words more precisely explain what is taking place in the text.

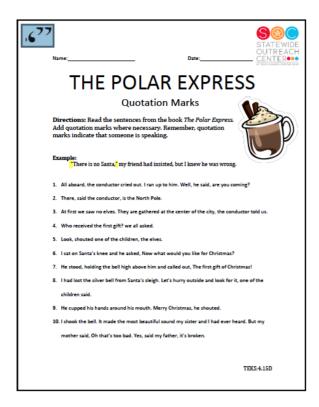
Purpose and Theme Activity



Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Activity: This worksheet will have students identify the theme and purpose of the text.

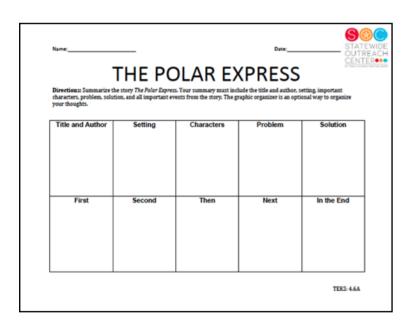
Quotation Marks Worksheet



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Activity: Students will use direct text from the Polar Express to practice using Quotation Marks appropriately.

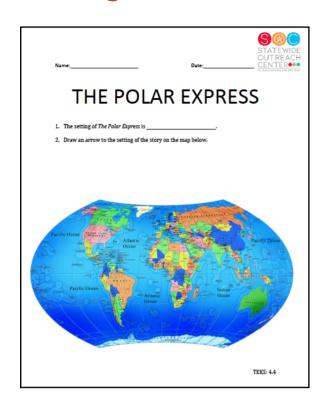
Retelling Activity



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Activity: In this activity, students will Summarize the story The Polar Express. The summary must include the title and author, setting, important characters, problem, solution, and all-important events from the story. The graphic organizer provided is an optional way to organize thoughts.

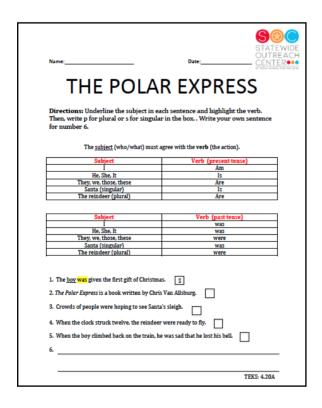
Setting Worksheet



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Activity: This worksheet will help students identify locations on a map that relate to the setting of the story. It will also help them look at "mean" in terms of annual temperature in various regions of the earth.

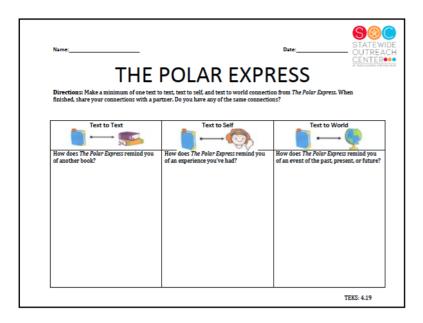
Subject/Verb Agreement Activity



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Activity: Use this worksheet to help students identify present and past tense verbs in the text.

Making Connections



Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Activity: Use this to help students make connections between text to text, text to self and text to the world.

THE STRANGER

One day in early fall, while Farmer Bailey is driving his truck, he hears a thump! He thinks he may have run over a deer, but when he gets out to check, he discovers that he has actually run over a man! Farmer Bailey takes him home, where he and his wife, Mrs. Bailey, discover that the stranger's memory is gone. The stranger stays on at the farm and helps with the crop.

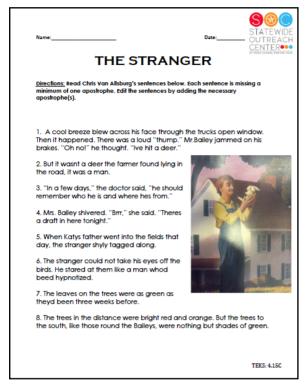
Even though time goes by, the Bailey farm does not experience fall like the rest of the world–instead, it seems to be summer all the time. One day, after seeing geese flying south, the stranger realizes that he must leave. Soon, the leaves on the trees on the Bailey fair start to change color and the air becomes cool. Ever since then, summer lasts a week longer at the Bailey farm than anywhere else.



https://youtu.be/ZqfkRBafr0o

THE STRANGER ACTIVITIES

Apostrophe



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Read the sentences. Each sentence is missing at least one apostrophe. Edit the sentences by adding the necessary apostrophe(s).

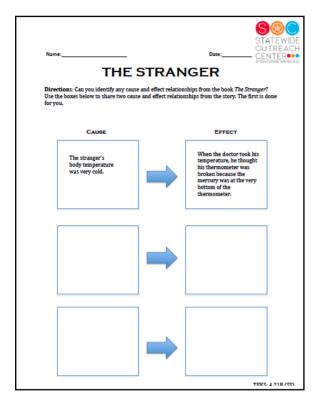
Autumn Changes



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: In the book The Stranger, by Chris Van Allsburg, the stranger has an impact on the change of the seasons from summer to fall.

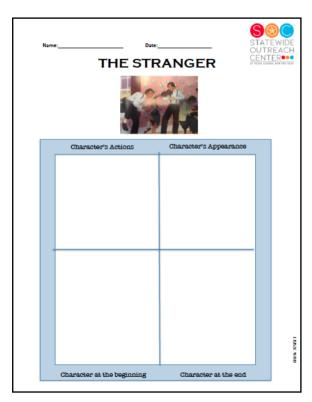
Cause and Effect



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Can you identify any cause and effect relationships from the book The Stranger? Use the boxes below to share two cause and effect relationships from the story.

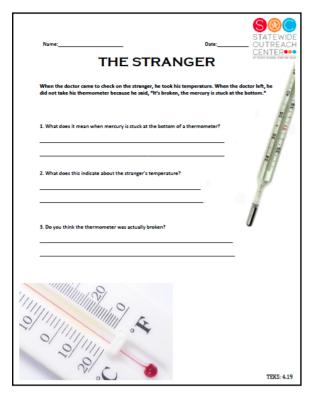
Character Study



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Write about the stranger's actions, appearance, who he was at the beginning, and who he was at the end of the story.

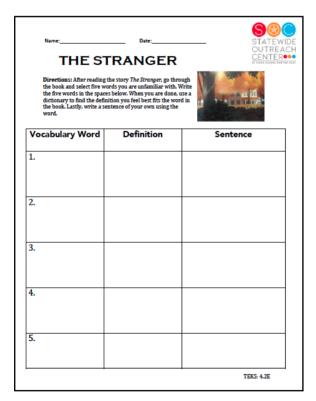
Comprehension Questions



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: When the doctor came to check on the stranger, he took his temperature. When he left, he did not take his thermometer because he said "It's broken, the mercury is stuck at the bottom." Answer the following questions.

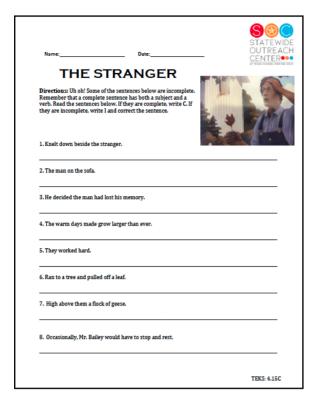
Dictionary Worksheet



Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Directions: After reading the story The Stranger, go through the book and select five words you are unfamiliar with. Write the five words in the spaces below. Write the definitions and also write a sentence of your own using the selected word.

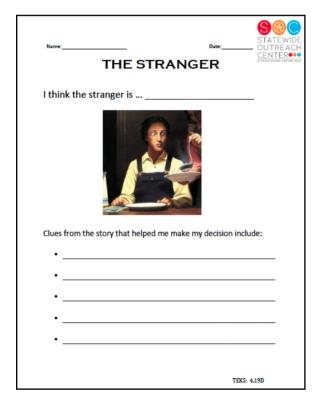
Incomplete Sentences



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Read the sentences and if they are complete, write a C. If they are incomplete, write I and correct the sentence.

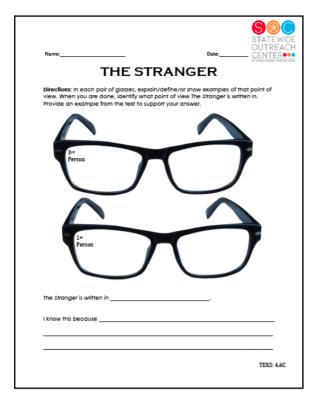
Inferences



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Make an inference regarding who or what you think the stranger is. Use information from the story that gives you clues to this information.

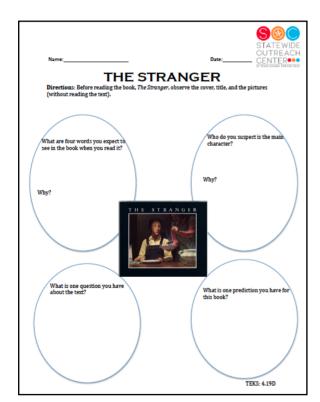
Point of View



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: In each pair of glasses, explain/define/or show examples of a point of view. When you are done, identify what point of view The Stranger is written in.

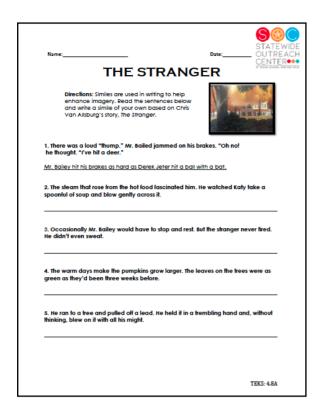
Pre-reading Activity



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Before reading the book, The Stranger, observe the cover, title and the pictures and answer the following questions.

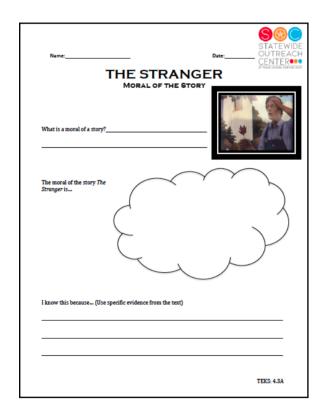
<u>Simile</u>



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Read the sentences and write a simile of your own based on the story, The Stranger.

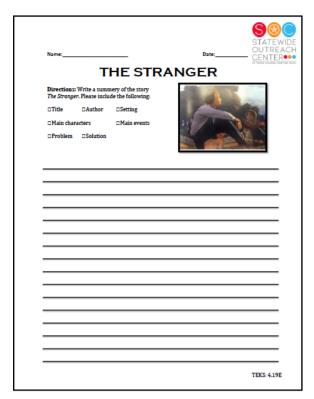
Story Moral



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Define the moral of a story. Then, write the moral of this story

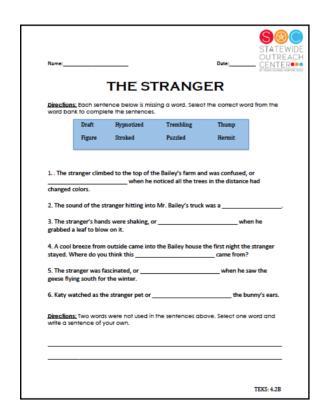
Summary



Length of Activity: 30 minutes

Directions:Write a summary of the story. Be sure to include the title, author, setting, main characters, main events, problem and solution.

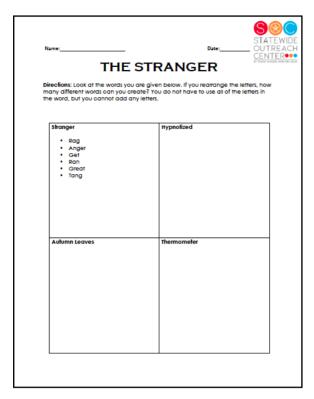
Word Bank



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Each sentence is missing a word. Select the correct word from the word bank to complete the sentences.

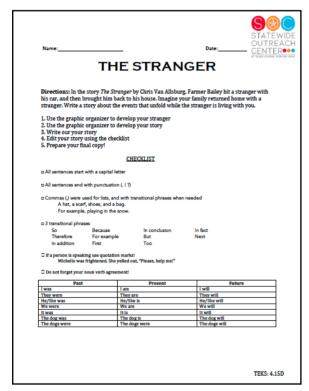
Words in Words



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Look at the words you have been given. If you rearrange the letters, how many different words can you create? You do not have to use all of the letters in the word, but you cannot add any letters.

Your Stranger



Length of Activity: 35 minutes

Directions: In the story The Stranger by Chris Van Allsburg, Farmer Bailey hit a stranger with is car, and then brought him back to his house. Imagine your family returned home with a stranger. Write a story about the events that unfold while the stranger is living with you

THE WIDOW'S BROOM

One evening a witch is flying on her broom when it loses the ability to fly. The witch falls and lands in the garden near Mina Shaw's house. Mina Shaw, who is a widow, takes the witch in until she recovers. When she is well, the witch calls a friend to take her home and leaves the broom at Minna Shaw's house. Minna Shaw finds out that even though the broom might not be able to fly, it can still do wondrous things!

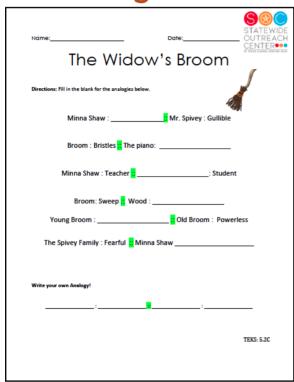
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https://youtu.be/Ch6WeVzNw9Q

THE WIDOW'S BROOM ACTIVITIES

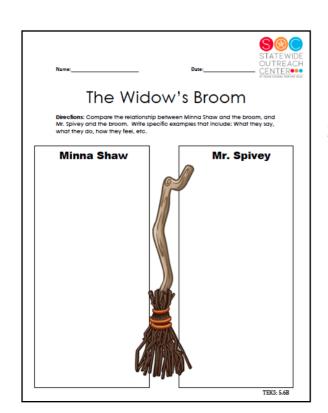
Analogies



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Fill in the blanks with the correct analogy.

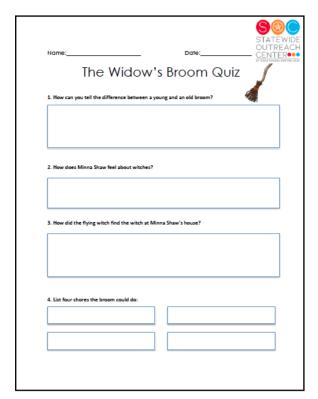
Character Analysis



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Compare the relationship between Minna Shaw and the broom, and Mr. Spivey and the broom. Write specific examples.

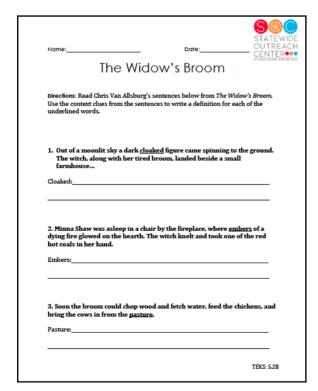
Comprehension Questions



Length of Activity: 10 minutes

Directions: Answer the questions in complete sentences.

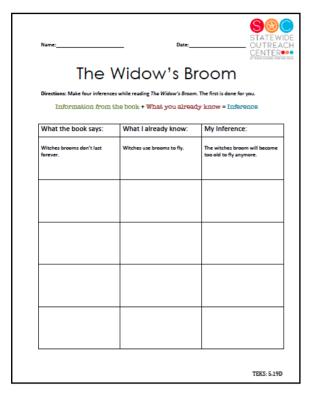
Context Clues



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: Read Chris Van Allsburg's sentences below from The Widow's Broom. Use the contect clues from the sentences to write a definition for each of the underlined words.

Inferences



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Make four inferences while reading The Widow's Broom.

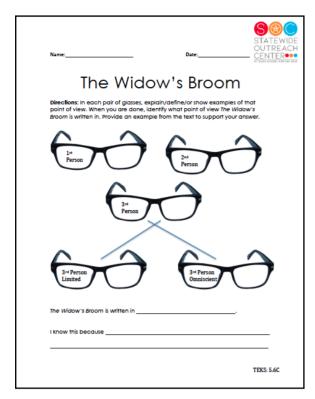
Moral



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Write the moral of the story. Give details to explain how you came to this conclusion.

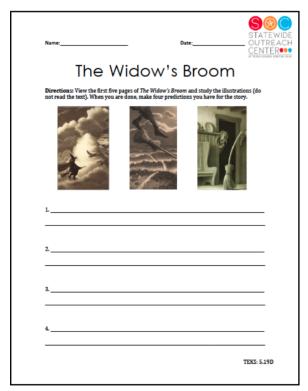
Point of View



Length of Activity: 15 minutes

Directions: In each pair of glasses, explain/define/or show examples of that point of view. When you are done, identify what point of view The Widow's Broom is written in. Provide examples.

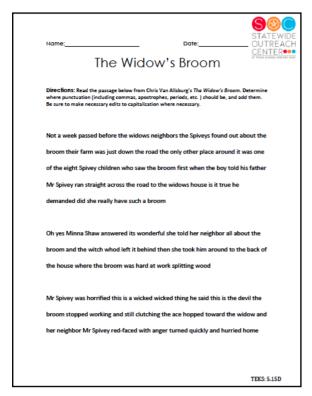
Predictions



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: View the first five pages of The Widow's Broom and study the illustrations (do not read the text). When you are done, make four predictions you have for the story.

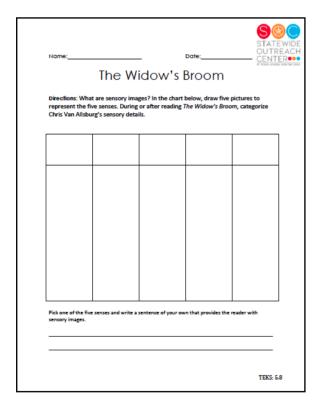
Punctuation



Length of Activity: 25 minutes

Directions: Read the passage below from Chris Van Allsburg's The Widow's Broom. Determine where punctuation (including commas, apostrophes, periods, etc) should be, and add them. Be sure to make necessary edits to capitalization where necessary.

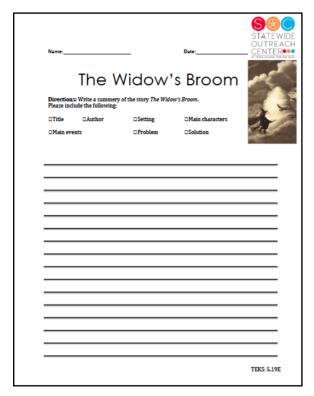
Sensory Images



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: What are sensory images? In the chart below, draw five pictures to represent the five senses. During or after reading The Widow's Broom, categorize Chris Van Allsburg's sensory details.

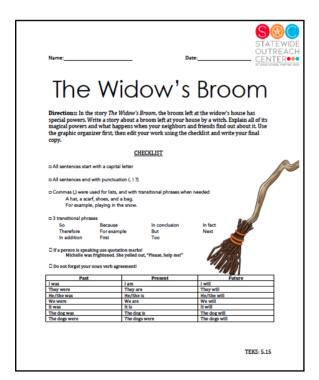
Summary



Length of Activity: 20 minutes

Directions: Write a summary of the story The Widow's Broom.

Writing



Length of Activity: 1 hour

Directions: Write a story about a broom left at your house by a witch. Explain all of it's magical powers and what happens when your neighbors and friends find out about it.

SUPPORTING MATERIAL

Although all supporting materials are linked from this document, we are providing them here for your convenience.

Name:	Date:

1. When was Chris Van Allsburg born?



CHRIS VAN ALLSBURG

Directions: Chris Van Allsburg is the author of many books, including *Jumanji*. Use the internet to learn more about Chris Van Allsburg and answer the questions below.

2. Where did Chris Van Allsburg grow up?	
3. What are some other books he wrote?	
4. Has Chris Van Allsburg won any awards for his books?	

5. Who illustrates Chris Van Allsburg's books?
6. What was Chris Van Allsburg's occupation before writing children's books?
7. What are three interesting facts you learned about Chris Van Allsburg?

Name:	Date:
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Directions: Select two character traits that describe each Judy and Peter. For each trait, find evidence to support your selection using the book *Jumanji*. Please use the page number and write in complete sentences.

Examples of Character Traits (Do not limit yourself to this list):

Adventurous Friendly Selfish

Brave Frustrated Curious

Bossy Funny Hopeless

Dependable Clever Smart

Determined Honest Polite

Encouraging Confused Messy

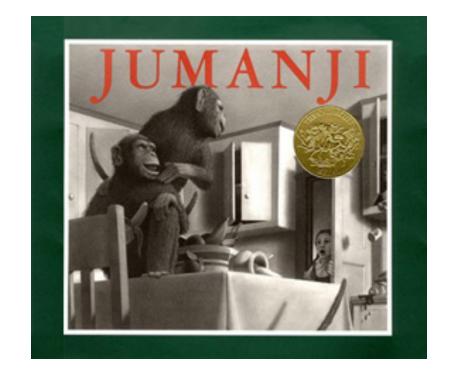
Foolish Confident Stubborn

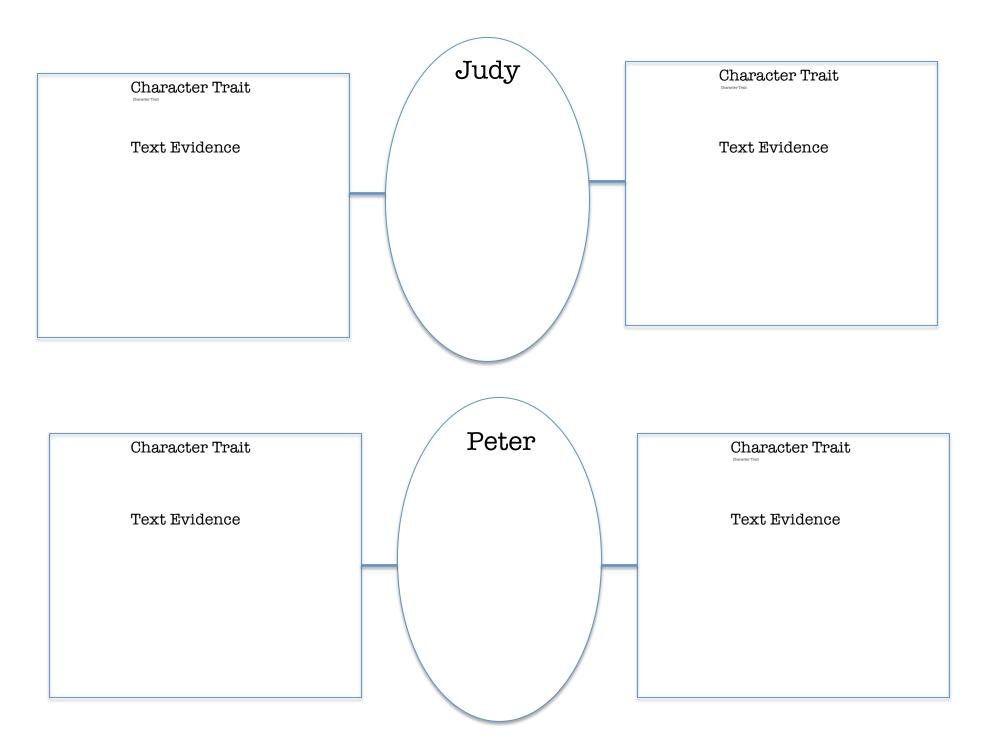
Careful Happy Imaginative

Cautious Scared Positive

Careless Angry Cooperative

Clumsy Grouchy Frantic





START	Rhino stampede! Go back to start.	Why did the adults laugh when Peter and Judy explained their afternoon?		Skip one turn.	How did Peter propose to stop the game?	Select one player to switch places with
JUMA	ANJI	SHORT CUT! Move ahead two spaces.		What game did Judy and Peter play after JUMANJI?		SHORT CUT! Move ahead two spaces.
Skip one turn.	Select one player to switch places with	Where were Peter and Judy's parents going?		A lion is on the loose! Go back to start		Why did Peter fall asleep during the game?
What did Judy and Peter do with the game when they were finished?	and Peter do with the game when they and move your player. Follow the directions on each space. If you land on orange and answer your question incorrectly, move back three spaces. The			List three animals that appeared during the game.		Monsoon season begins! Go back to start
SHORT CUT! Move ahead two spaces.	STATEWID OUTREAC CENTER®	H		Skip one turn.		Who is the author of JUMANJI?
What was written on the outside of the game box?	Volcano erupts! Go back to start	Who won the game JUMANJI?	Select one player to switch places with	How will Danny and Walter Budwing learn to read directions?		FINISH







Directions: Read Chris Van Allsburg's sentences below from *JUMANJI*. Use the context clues from the sentences to write a definition for each of the underlined words.

place, then imercana inseca both emiarch good by en		
Peered:		

1. Mother peered into the hall mirror and carefully pinned her hat in

place, then knelt and kissed both children good-bye.

2. They took all of their toys out of their toy chest and made a terrible mess. But their laughter slowly turned to silence till finally Peter slouched into a chair. "You know what?" he said. "I'm really bored."

Slouched:_			
_			

3. He rolled again. "Monsoon season begins, lose one turn." Little

Name:			
Date:			



Directions: At the end of the story *Jumanji*, Daniel and Walter picked up the game *Jumanji* in the park. Daniel and Walter's mother, Mrs. Budwing mentioned that her sons do not read game instructions. Imagine you are Chris Van Allsburg and continue writing *Jumanjil* to include Daniel and Walter's experience playing the game. Use the graphic organizer first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

CHECKLIST

- □ All sentences start with a capital letter
- □ All sentences end with punctuation (.!?)
- □ Commas (,) were used for lists, and with transitional phrases when needed A hat, a scarf, shoes, and a bag.

 For example, playing in the snow.
- ☐ 3 transitional phrases

So Because In conclusion In fact Therefore For example But Next

In addition First Too

- ☐ If a person is speaking use quotation marks!

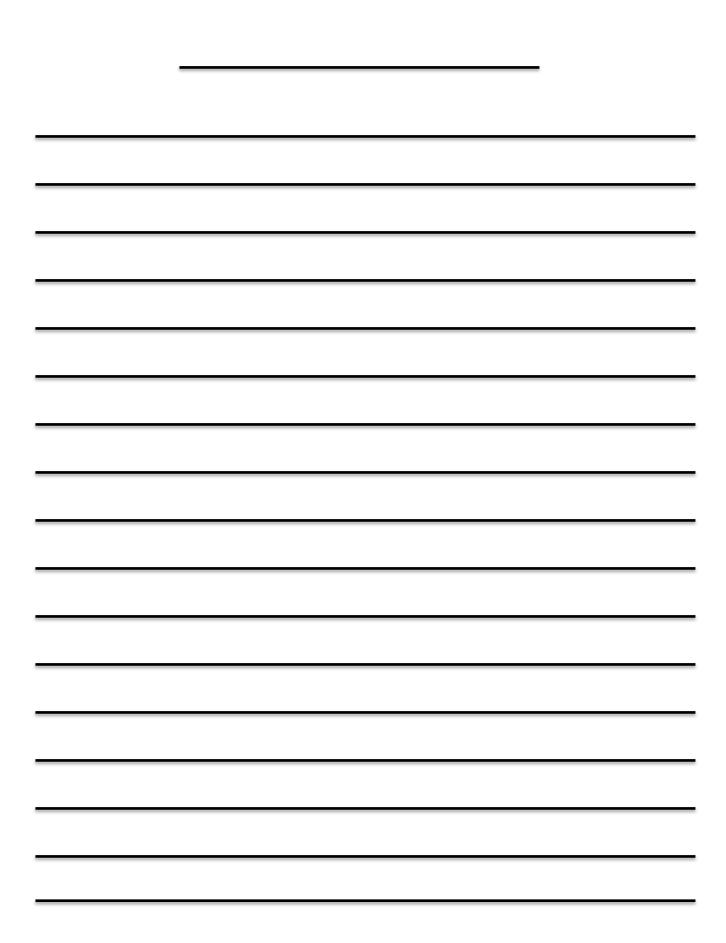
 Michelle was frightened. She yelled out, "Please, help me!"
- ☐ Do not forget your noun verb agreement!

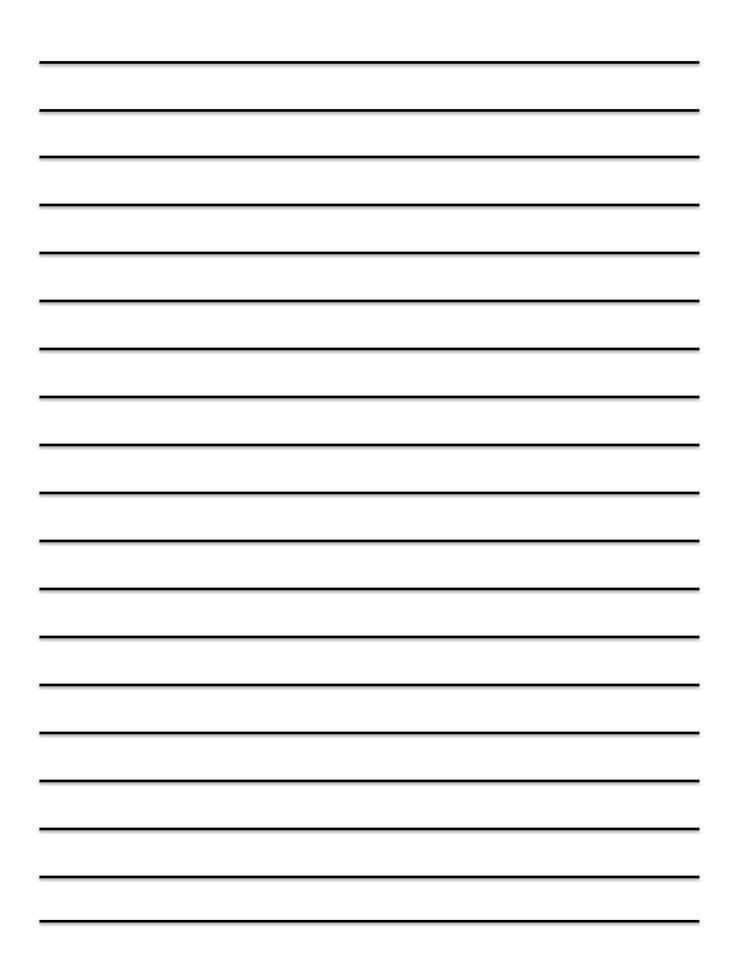
Past	Present	Future
I was	I am	I will
They were	They are	They will
He/She was	He/She is	He/She will
We were	We are	We will
It was	It is	It will
The dog was	The dog is	The dog will
The dogs were	The dogs were	The dogs will



Graphic Organizer

1. First	2. Second
3. Then	4. Next
5. After	6. Finally





Name:	Date:



Directions: Imagine you are Judy or Peter, and you just finished playing the game Jumanji. Write a diary entry sharing your experiences. Use the graphic organizer first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.



CHECKLIST

- ☐ All sentences start with a capital letter
- ☐ All sentences end with punctuation (.!?)
- □ Commas (,) were used for lists, and with transitional phrases when needed A hat, a scarf, shoes, and a bag.

 For example, playing in the snow.
- □ 3 transitional phrases

So Because In conclusion In fact
Therefore For example But Next

In addition First Too

- ☐ If a person is speaking use quotation marks!

 Michelle was frightened. She yelled out, "Please, help me!"
- ☐ Do not forget your noun verb agreement!

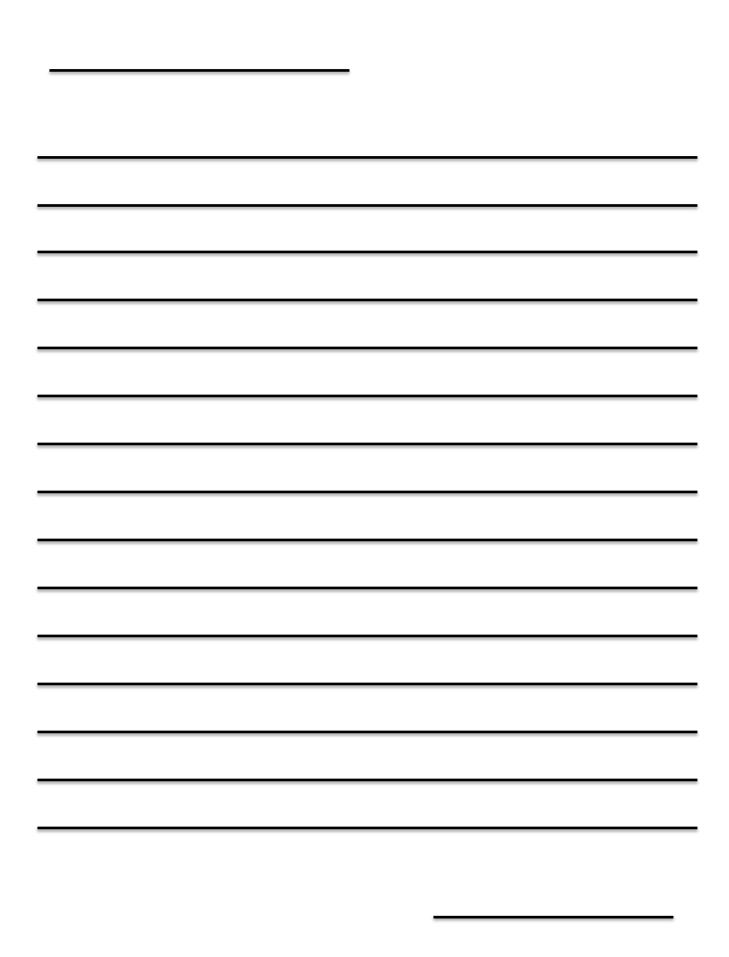
Past	Present	Future
I was	I am	I will
They were	They are	They will
He/She was	He/She is	He/She will
We were	We are	We will
It was	It is	It will
The dog was	The dog is	The dog will
The dogs were	The dogs were	The dogs will

Dear Diary,

Today
First
Second
Then
Next
Finally
Playing the game Jumanji was
I was (worried, excited, scared, etc). because
·
I (would or would not) recommend this game to my friends because

Sincerely,

(Jane or Peter)



Name:	Date:



ain began to f	all in bucke	ets as Jud	y took t	e dice. "			
· was up on hi	s feet, runn	ning throu	ıgh the h	ouse with	the lion a	whisker's	leng
_	s feet, runn	ning throu	igh the h	ouse with	the lion a	whisker's	leng
_				ouse with	the lion a	whisker's	leng

Name:	Date:
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Directions: After reading the story *JUMANJI*, go through the book and select five words you are unfamiliar with. Write the five words in the spaces below. When you are done, use a dictionary to find the definition you feel best fits the word in the book. Lastly, write a sentence of your own using the word.



Vocabulary Word	Definition	Sentence
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

Name:	Date:	_



Directions: Make four inferences while reading the book *Jumanji*. The first is done for you.

Information from the book + What you already know = Inference

What the book says:	What I already know:	My Inference:
Mother and father were going to the opera. Judy and Peter giggled when they left.	Kids love to be home alone because parents are not there to enforce rules.	Judy and Peter will get into trouble.

Name:	Date:



Directions: The teacher will read aloud the first two pages of the story *JUMANJI*. When they are done, you will write how you predict the remainder of the story will unfold. Be specific and use details. Think about the information the author provides in these two pages to help with your predictions.



Name:	Date:
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Directions: Lucy loves Chris Van Allsburg. She wrote down 10 of her favorite sentences from the book *Jumanji*. In each sentence, she accidentally spelled a word wrong. Underline the word that is incorrectly spelled, and write the correct spelling on the line provided. You can use a dictionary if needed.



1.	When the front door closed, Judy and Peter gigled with delight.
2.	Then he sat firmy in his chair and said, "Let's play."
3.	He couldn't beleive his eyes.
4.	The lion roared so loud it knokced Peter right off his chair.
5.	From the kittchen came the sounds of banging pots and falling jars.
6.	The rain began to fall in buckts as Judy took the dice.
7.	Suddenly a herd of rhinos chargged through the living room and into the dining room, crushing all the furniture in their path.
8.	The snkae was wriggling his way to the floor.
9.	Molten lava poured from the fireplace openning.
10.	They bolted out the door, ran across the street to the park, and droped the game under a tree.

Name:	Date:

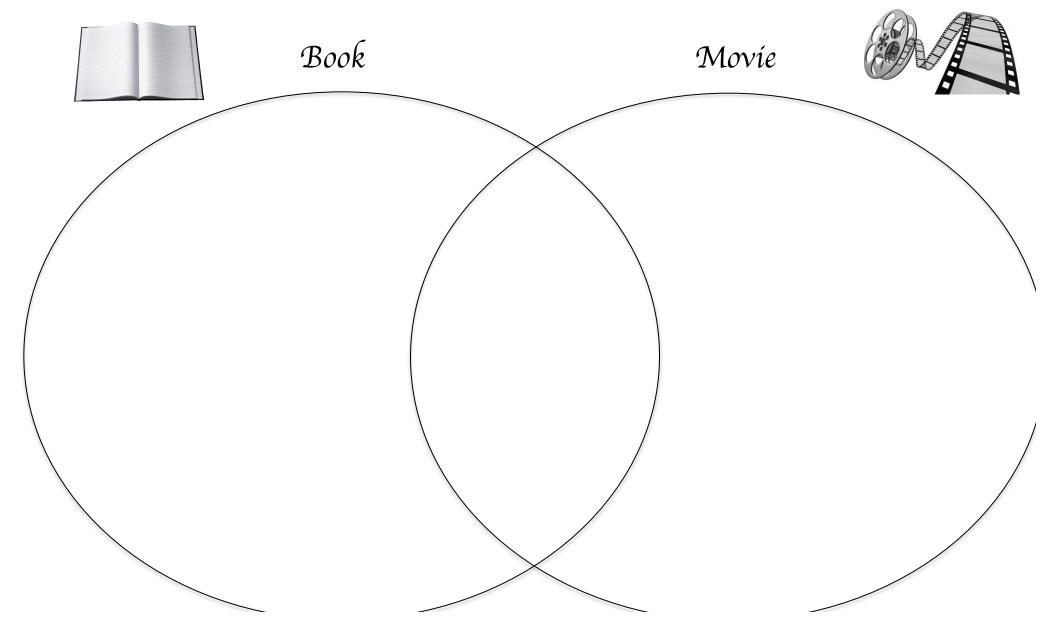


Directions: Write the events of the book *Jumanji* on the timeline below in chronological order. Your timeline should have a minimum of 8 events. The first event is written for you. Please write in complete sentences with capitalization and punctuation.

1. Peter and Judy's parents left them home alone to go to the Opera. Peter and Judy got bored in the house and decided to go play outside.

Date:		

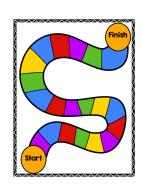




e:
(



Directions: Sentences can be written in the past, present, or future tense. It is important to be consistent with your tense. Thomas recently read the book *Jumanji* and wrote a creative story of his own. Thomas wants his story to be in the past tense, but needs help. Find the verbs written in present or future tenses, draw one line through them, and write the correct tense above it.



It was Sunday morning at home. My sister was watching cartoons, my dad was cooking us breakfast, and my mom is out at the store. I was bored. Suddenly I remember all of the old games in the basement closet from when I was younger. After rummaging through many boxes, I find one I had never seen before. The game has no directions, just dice, pawns, and a game board. Each square on the board had a different animal. I was puzzled. What is the point of this? I placed my pawn on start and rolled. One, two, three, four, five, I land on a penguin square. With one blink, I feel strange. I stood up and started to walk, but instead, begin to wobble...

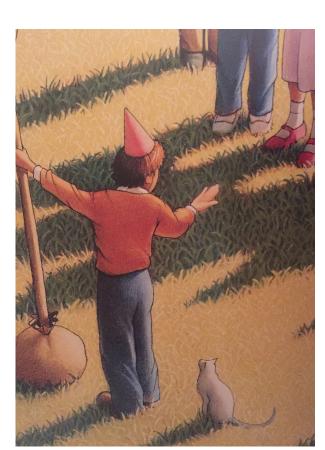
Name:	Date:



Just a Dream

Directions: Edit the sentences below to add the articles (a, an, the).

- 1. As usual, Walter stopped at bakery on his way home from school.
- 2. At home Walter saw Rose, little girl next door, watering tree that had just been planted.
- 3. He couldn't wait to have his own tiny place, robot to take out the trash, and machine that could make jelly doughnuts by the thousand.
- 4. Men on boat were laughing and dancing.
- 5. Man pushed old motorless lawn mower.
- 6. "I like it here," he told man, then drifted off to sleep in shade of two giant trees trees he and rose had planted so many years ago.



- 7. Horse stood right over his bed, staring directly at him.
- 8. Every driver had car phone in one hand and big cup of coffee in other.



lame:	Date:



Just a Dream

<u>Directions</u>: Use the organizer below to show how Walter changed through the story *Just a Dream*.

What two words would you use text to support your answers.	escribe Walter at the beginning of the story? I	Jse evidence from the
What three events from the story do you think helped change Walter?		

What two words would you use to describe Walter at the end of the story? Use evidence from the text to support your answers.

Name:	Date:
·	



Just a Dream

Directions: After reading the story *Just a Dream*, go through the book and select five words you are unfamiliar with. Write the five words in the spaces below. When you are done, use a dictionary to find the definition you feel best fits the word in the book. Lastly, write a sentence of your own using the word.

Vocabulary Word	Definition	Sentence
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		



Name:	Date:

<u>Directions</u>: The title of the book you are about to read is *Just a Dream*. Consider the title and the words and phrases below from the story to help you make three predictions

"This is the mighty Grand Canyon.... With all this smog nobody's gotten a good look at it for years.""

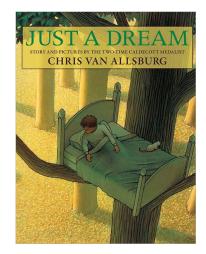
"Smokestack"

"Dumb plant"

"Dumped everything into one can"

"You aren't going to cut down this tree, are you?"

"The future"



1	 		
2			
3			

Date:



Directions: Make a minimum of one text to text, text to self, and text to world connection from *The Polar Express.* When finished, share your connections with a partner. Do you have any of the same connections?

Text to Text	Text to Self	Text to World
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
How does <i>Just a Dream</i> remind you of another book?	How does <i>Just a Dream</i> remind you of an experience you've had?	How does <i>Just a Dream</i> remind you of an event of the past, present, or future?

Name	:	 	
Date:_		 	



<u>Directions</u>: Before reading *Just a Dream*, can you answer the questions below?

1. Why do we recycle?



2. Why do we have laws about releasing small fish back into the water if we catch them?

3. Why should we work to preserve trees?

4. What are some harmful effects of smokestacks?

5. Why do we have land protected by the government?

STATEWIDE
OUTREACH
CENTER•••
AT TEXAS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

Name:	Date:

end of the story?
2. At the beginning of the story, Walter dumped all of his trash into the same bin. After his dream, what did Walter go and do?
3. How did Walter envision the future before his dream?
4. List three places Walter saw in his dream and how they are different from the present:•
•
•

Name	:	 	
Date:		 	



Directions: What are sensory images? In the chart below, draw five pictures to represent the five senses. During or after reading *Just a Dream*, categorize Chris Van Allsburg's sensory details.



Pick one of the five senses and write a sentence of your own that provides the reader with sensory
images.



NI	D-1-
Name:	Date:

Directions: Edit the sentences below for correct subject/verb agreement. If the sentence is correct, make a check mark. If the sentence is incorrect, make an X and edit it!

correct, ma	ike a check mark. If the sentence is incorrect
	Walter were not respectful of the ent at the beginning of the story.
2	Rose are Walter's neighbor.
3 expected.	The future was not what Walter
4	Almost all of the trees was cut down.
5 Mount Ev	There was a hotel build at the top of erest!
	Walter was unable to see the Grand ecause of the fog.



- 7. _____ The ducks was looking for a pond.
- 8. _____ How we treat the environment now are important!

lame:	Date:
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Directions: Summarize the story *Just a Dream.* Your summary must include the title and author, setting, important characters, problem, solution, and all important events from the story. The graphic organizer is an optional way to organize your thoughts.

Title and Author	Setting	Characters	Problem	Solution
First	Second	Then	Next	In the End



Name:	Date:

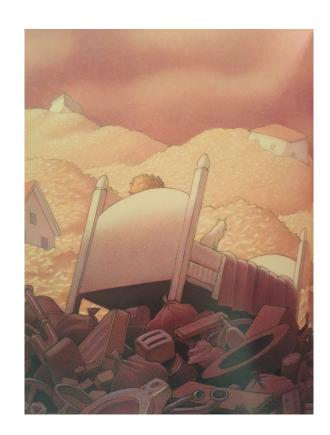


Directions: Can you match the words in the box with their synonyms below? Use the sentences from the story *Just a Dream* to help determine the meaning of the words.

Drifting	Crumpled	Dumped	Gazed
Waddled	Flapped	Belched	Haze

4			
1	IOOKEA	•	
ㅗ.	Looked		

- 2. Waved : _____
- 3. Crush : _____
- 4. Moving : _____
- 5. Fog : _____
- 6. Blow : _____
- 7. Sway : _____
- 8. Threw : _____



Name:	Date:



- 1. What is the Chris Van Allsburg's purpose for writing *Just a Dream?*
 - A. To Persuade
 - B. To Inform
 - C. To entertain



2. How do you know? (Support your answer with two or more pieces of evidence).

3. What is the theme of Chris Van Allsburg's <i>Just a Dream?</i> Remember, theme is the lesson or message from the story. Explain your answer with detail.

Name:	Date:



Directions: Look at the list of transition words below. Can you add four of your own transition words to the list? When you are done, read the passage below and edit it to include a minimum of five transition words.

First	Later	So	Next	Finally	Then	Тоо
And	While		However	Though	Bu	t

Walter threw his jelly-filled doughnut bag on the grass. He scolded Rose, his neighbor, for getting a tree as a birthday gift. Walter threw all of his trash in one bin, instead of sorting it.

When Walter fell asleep, he awoke in the future. In the future there were ginormous piles of garbage. All of the trees were cut down. There were smokestacks that fogged up the air and made him cough. People could not see the Grand Canyon. Mount Everest had a hotel build on top. Fish were becoming extinct. People were keeping the small fish. Birds were having trouble finding water.

Walter was surprised about the future. It was not as he had imagined. After he work up, he went to the trash cans to sort his garbage, picked up the bag he had thrown on the grass, and asked for a tree to plant for his birthday. The next night in his dream, he traveled to the future again. This time, it was much more green.

STATEWIDE
OUTREACH
CENTER•••

Name:			

Date:

Directions: In the story *Just a Dream,* Walter had a dream that changed his perspective on the importance of taking care of our Earth. Write a creative story about a dream you had that encouraged you to change the world for the better. Use the graphic organizer to help you brainstorm your ideas. When you are done, edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

CHECKLIST

☐ All sentences star	t with a capital letter		
□ All sentences end	with punctuation (.!?)		
A hat, a sca	used for lists, and with rf, shoes, and a bag. e, playing in the snow.	transitional phrases wher	n needed
□ 3 transitional phra	ises		
So	Because	In conclusion	In fact
Therefore	For example	But	Next

☐ If a person is speaking use quotation marks!

Michelle was frightened. She yelled out, "Please, help me!"

First

 $\hfill\Box$ Do not forget your noun verb agreement!

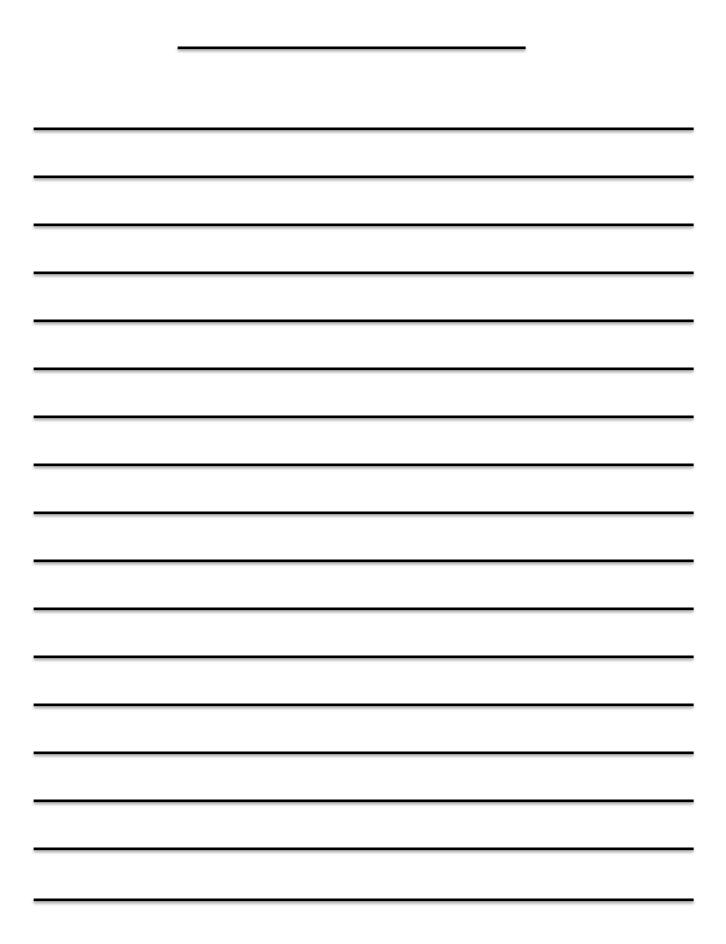
In addition

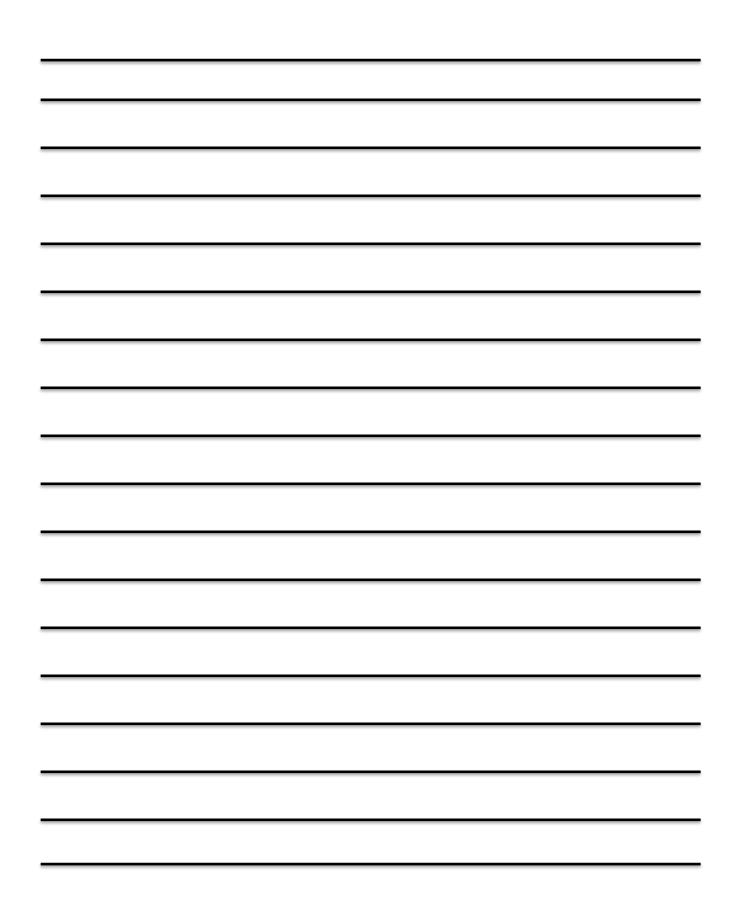
Past	Present	Future
I was	I am	I will
They were	They are	They will
He/She was	He/She is	He/She will
We were	We are	We will
It was	It is	It will
The dog was	The dog is	The dog will
The dogs were	The dogs were	The dogs will

Too

Graphic Organizer

1. First	2. Second
3. Then	4. Next
5. After	6. Finally





Name	:		 	_
Date:				_



Directions: In the story *The Polar Express,* the boy's sister Sarah eventually stopped hearing the bell ring. Write a story about the events that lead to Sarah not believing. Use the graphic organizer first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

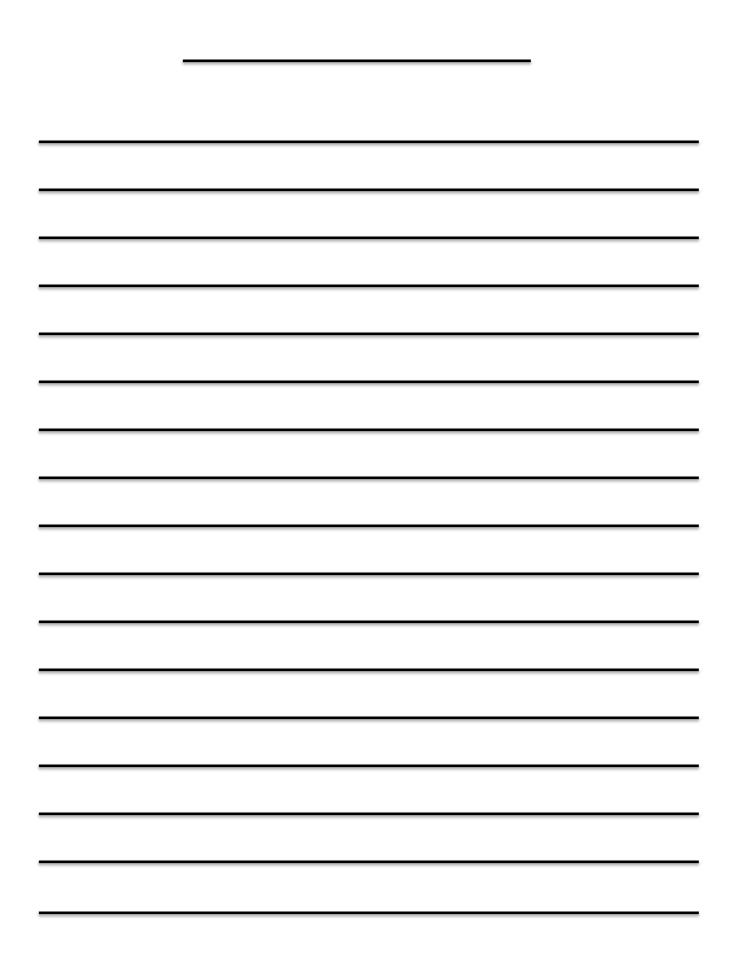
CHECKLIST

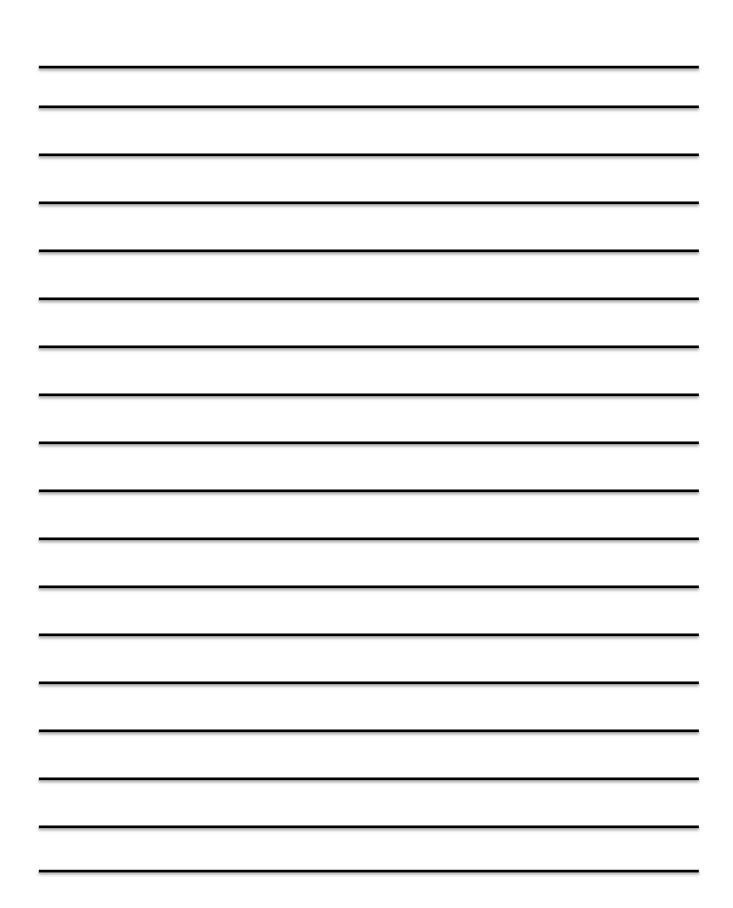
□ All sentences start	with a capital letter		
□ All sentences end	with punctuation (. ! ?)		
A hat, a scar	ised for lists, and with f, shoes, and a bag. e, playing in the snow.	transitional phrases wher	n needed
☐ 3 transitional phras	ses		
So	Because	In conclusion	In fact
Therefore	For example	But	Next
In addition First Too			
•	ring use quotation mark frightened. She yelled (
☐ Do not forget your	noun verb agreement!		

Past	Present	Future
I was	I am	I will
They were	They are	They will
He/She was	He/She is	He/She will
We were	We are	We will
It was	It is	It will
The dog was	The dog is	The dog will
The dogs were	The dogs were	The dogs will

Graphic Organizer

2. Second
4. Next
1. IVCAL
6. Finally



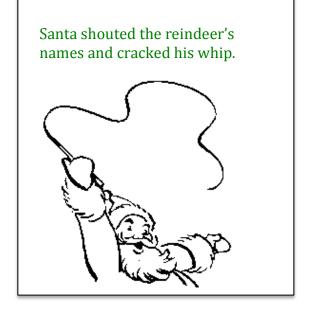


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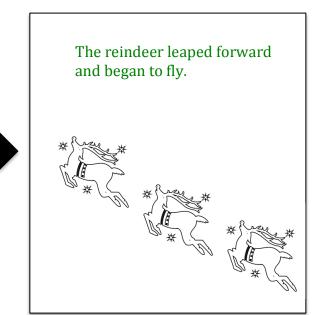
Directions: Write two different cause and effect relationships based from the book *The Polar Express*. Write in complete sentences.

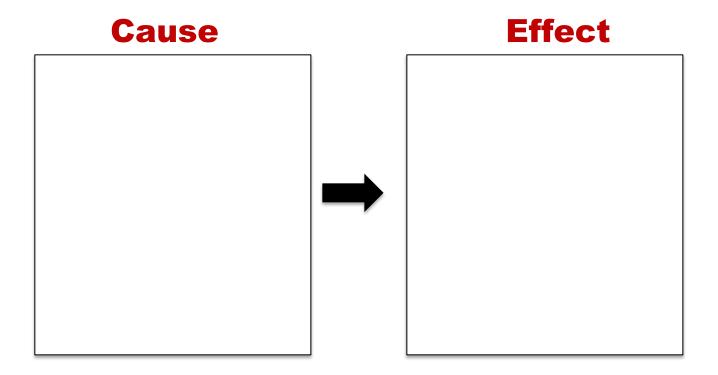
Cause

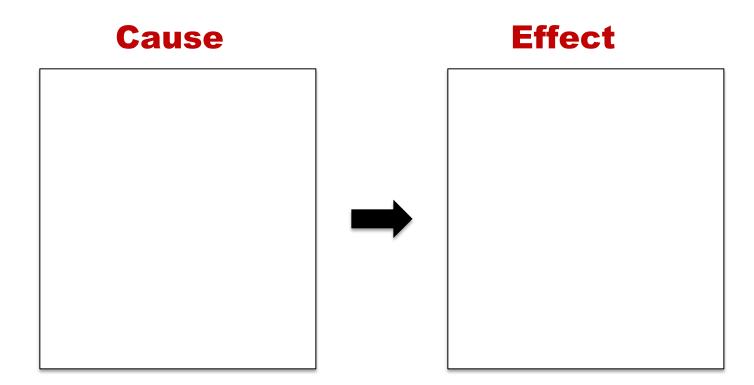
Name:



Effect







Date:



CHARACTER ANALYSIS



Sarah at the time the story was written	Sarah years later
Why do you think Sarah changed?	

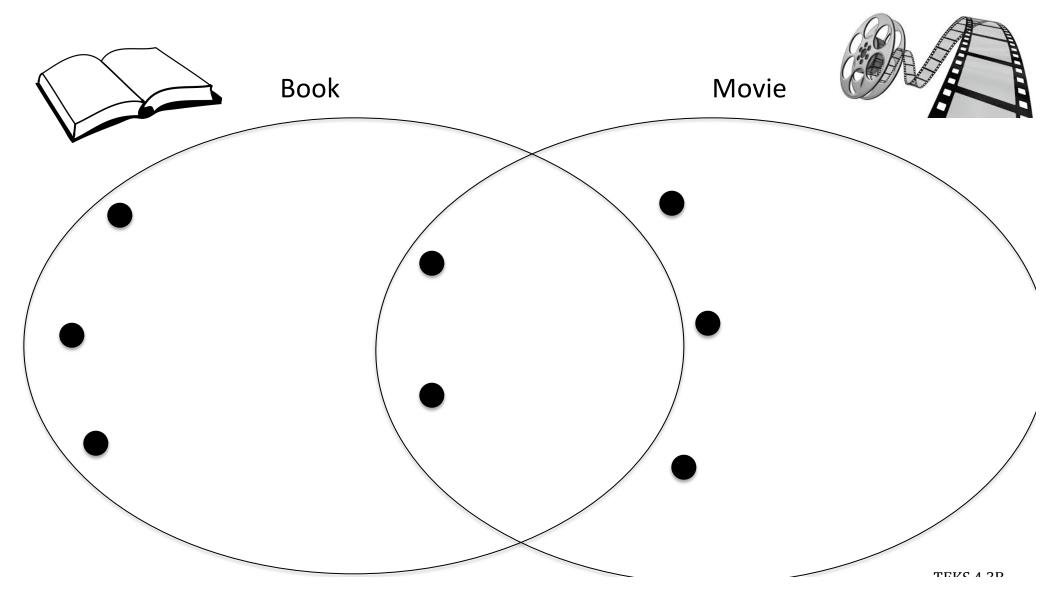
How would you rewrite this story so that Sarah does not change?		
······································		
······································		
•		
•		
•		
······································		

Name:	

Date:		



Directions: After reading the book and watching the movie *The Polar Express*, use the Venn Diagram below to organize similarities and differences between the two.



	STATEWIDE
	OUTREACH
 Date:	CENTER•••
	AT TEXAS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

Directions: After reading the simple sentence pair, edit the sentences by rewriting them and selecting the best coordinating conjunction to join them. Do not forget your comma!

Coordinating Conjunctions: For, And, Nor, But, Or, Yet, So

Example:

Name:

Simple Sentences: Tonight is Christmas Eve. I will go to bed at 8:00. Compound Sentence: Tonight is Christmas Eve, and I will go to bed at 8:00.



1. The conductor was driving the train to the North Pole. The train is called the Polar Express.			
2. On the Polar Express, children at candies. They also drank hot chocolate.			
3. The Polar Express climbed mountains. As high as it climbed, it never slowed down.			

4. Toys for children all over the world are made at the North Pole. Many elves are needed to help make them.
5. The boy was so sad that he lost the bell. The next morning, it was under his Christmas tree.
6. Sarah heard the bell ring on Christmas morning. Years later, Sarah could no longer hear the bell.
7. The boy's mother could not hear the bell. The boy's father could not hear the bell.
8. The boy experienced the North Pole and Santa first hand. He believed in the spirit of Christmas forever.

Name:	

Date:	



THE STRANGER

When the doctor came to check on the stranger, he took his temperature. When the doctor left, he did not take his thermometer because he said, "It's broken, the mercury is stuck at the bottom."

1. What does it mean when mercury is stuck at the bottom of a thermometer?	

2. What does this indicate about the stranger's temperature?

3. Do you think the thermometer was actually broken?	



		STATEWIDE
Name:	Date:	OUTREACH
		CENTER•••
		AT TEXAS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

Faster and faster we ran along,

THE POLAR EXPRESS

Directions: Chris Van Allsburg uses a lot of descriptive language to provide the reader with vivid images. Below are three examples. First, draw pictures to match the sentences below. Then, re-write the three sentences to add descriptive language.

They pranced and paced, ringing

We drank hot chocolate as think

and rich as melted chocolate bars.	the silver sleigh bells that hung from their harnesses. (The reindeer)	rolling over peaks and through valleys like a car on a roller coaster.
I saw a train outside m	y window.	
2. There was a hole in my	pocket.	
3. Sarah found a box unde	er the tree.	

Name:	Date:	STATEWIDE OUTREACH CENTER•••
		AT TEXAS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

Directions: Use the vocabulary in the box below to fill in the blanks.

	Still	Conductor	Prancing	Whip	Vest
	Crawl	Rustle	Harness	Midnight	Lurched
1.	Santa used	his	to get the reinde	er moving.	
2.	When the b	oy realized his bell	was gone, the train		, or moved
	forward suc	ldenly, and left the	North Pole.		
3.	When the P	olar Express arrive	ed at the North Pole, i	t slowed down to	o a
		•			
4.	The reindee	er were so excited t	hat they were	arc	ound the room.
5.	The silver b	ell given to the boy	was taken from a re	indeer's	·
6.	The	drove	the train to the Nort	h Pole.	
7.	At	, Santa g	got his sleigh ready to	delver gifts.	
8.	On Christma	as Eve, the boy did	not	his sheets be	cause he was
	listening ca	refully for the bells	of the Polar Express	train.	
9.	The Polar E	xpress stood	as it w	vaited for the boy	to get on.
10	. The condu	ctor kept his watch	in his	pocket.	1



Name:			
Date:			



Directions: In the story *The Polar Express,* the boy chose a bell for the first gift of Christmas. Imagine you were in his shoes, what would you pick for the first gift of Christmas? Why? Use the brainstorm web first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

CHECKLIST

□ All sentences	start with	a capital	letter
-----------------	------------	-----------	--------

☐ All sentences end with punctuation (.!?)

□ Commas (,) were used for lists, and with transitional phrases when needed A hat, a scarf, shoes, and a bag.

For example, playing in the snow.



□ 3 transitional phrases

So Because In conclusion In fact
Therefore For example But Next

In addition First Too

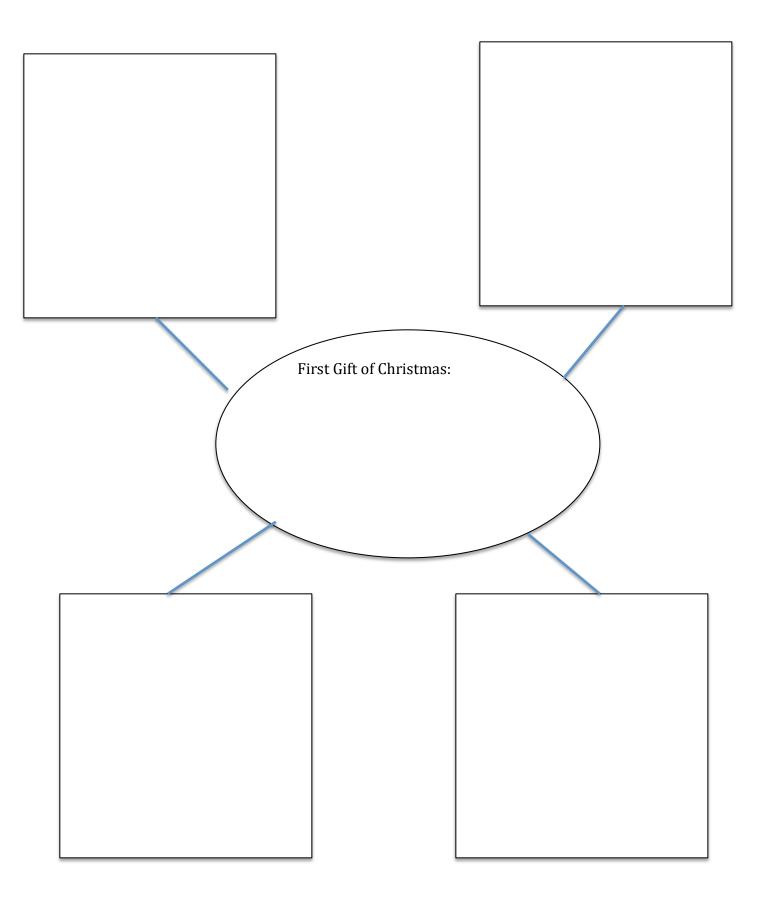
☐ If a person is speaking use quotation marks!

Michelle was frightened. She yelled out, "Please, help me!"

☐ Do not forget your noun verb agreement!

Past	Present	Future
I was	I am	I will
They were	They are	They will
He/She was	He/She is	He/She will
We were	We are	We will
It was	It is	It will
The dog was	The dog is	The dog will
The dogs were	The dogs were	The dogs will

Brainstorm Web



	_



Name:_____ Date:____



THE POLAR EXPRESS

Inferences

Directions: For each question, use the information provided (sentences from *The Polar Express*) to make an inference. Your inferences should be supported with a "because" and written in complete sentences.

Example:

<u>Book Clue:</u> I did not rustle the sheets. I breathed slowly and silently. My Inference: The boy is listening for something *because* he is trying not to make any noise.

1. <u>Book Clue:</u> A conductor stood at the open door of one of the cars. He took a large pocket watch from his vest, then looked up at my window. I put on my slippers and robe. I tiptoed downstairs and out the door. "All aboard," the conductor cried out. <u>My Inference:</u>
2. <u>Book Clue</u> : Soon there were no more lights to be seen. We traveled through cold, dark forests, where lean wolves roamed and white tailed rabbits hid from our train as it thundered through the quiet wilderness. We climbed mountains so high it seemed as if we would scrape the moon. But the Polar Express never slowed down. <u>My Inference</u> :
3. <u>Book Clue:</u> I shook the bell. It made the most beautiful sound my sister and I had ever heard. But my mother said, "Oh that's too bad." "Yes," said my father, "it's broken." When I'd shaken the bell, my parents had not heard a sound. <u>My Inference:</u>

Name:	

|--|



Point of View

Directions: Draw a line to connect the correct perspective to the Christmas tree. When you are done, determine if the story *The Polar Express* was written in first person, second person, or third person point of view. When you are done, provide three examples from the text to justify your answer.

First Person:

A character is telling

A character is telling the story



Third Person: A narrator tells the story







The Polar Express is written in the _____

I know this because:

- •
- .
- •

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Directions: Draw lines to select which precise word you would use to replace the basic words in bold. When you are done, write two sentences using two precise words from the list.

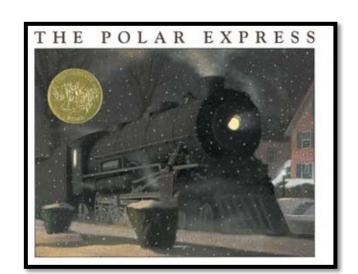
Basic Words	Precise Word
The reindeer jumped around with excitement when it was time to deliver gifts.	Pranced
The boy did not move his sheets in bed because he wanted it to be silent.	Crawled
The train driver stopped at the boy's house before leaving for the North Pole.	Rustle
The train moved slowly as it approached the North Pole.	Roamed
The wolves walked around woods with no place to go.	Conductor
1. —	
2	

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	AT TEXAS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

Name:

Predictions

Directions: Look at the cover of *The Polar Express*, and the first few pages of the book (pictures only). What do you think will happen in this book? Write three predictions in complete sentences.



1		
_		
2	 	
0		
3		



Date:_____



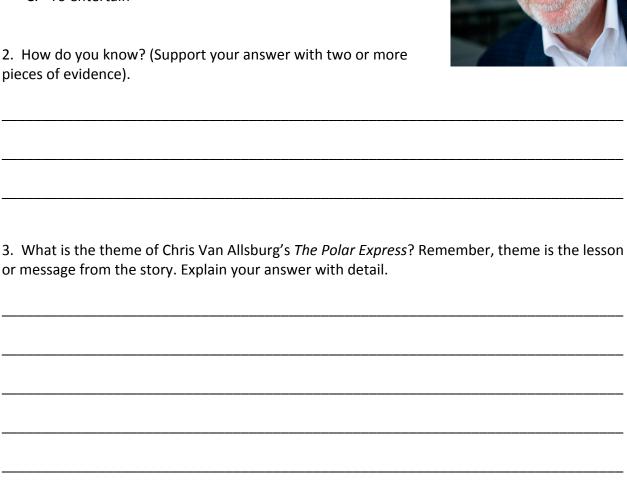
THE POLAR EXPRESS

Directions: Identify the theme and purpose of the book *The Polar Express*.

- 1. What is the Chris Van Allsburg's purpose for writing *The Polar Express?*
 - A. To Persuade
 - B. To Inform

Name:

C. To entertain



TEKS: 4.3/4.19A





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Quotation Marks

Directions: Read the sentences from the book *The Polar Express.* Add quotation marks where necessary. Remember, quotation marks indicate that someone is speaking.



Example:

"There is no Santa," my friend had insisted, but I knew he was wrong.

- 1. All aboard, the conductor cried out. I ran up to him. Well, he said, are you coming?
- 2. There, said the conductor, is the North Pole.
- 3. At first we saw no elves. They are gathered at the center of the city, the conductor told us.
- 4. Who received the first gift? we all asked.
- 5. Look, shouted one of the children, the elves.
- 6. I sat on Santa's knee and he asked, Now what would you like for Christmas?
- 7. He stood, holding the bell high above him and called out, The first gift of Christmas!
- 8. I had lost the silver bell from Santa's sleigh. Let's hurry outside and look for it, one of the children said.
- 9. He cupped his hands around his mouth. Merry Christmas, he shouted.
- 10. I shook the bell. It made the most beautiful sound my sister and I had ever heard. But my mother said, Oh that's too bad. Yes, said my father, it's broken.

Name:	Date:
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Directions: Summarize the story *The Polar Express.* Your summary must include the title and author, setting, important characters, problem, solution, and all important events from the story. The graphic organizer is an optional way to organize your thoughts.

Title and Author	Setting	Characters	Problem	Solution
First	Second	Then	Next	In the End





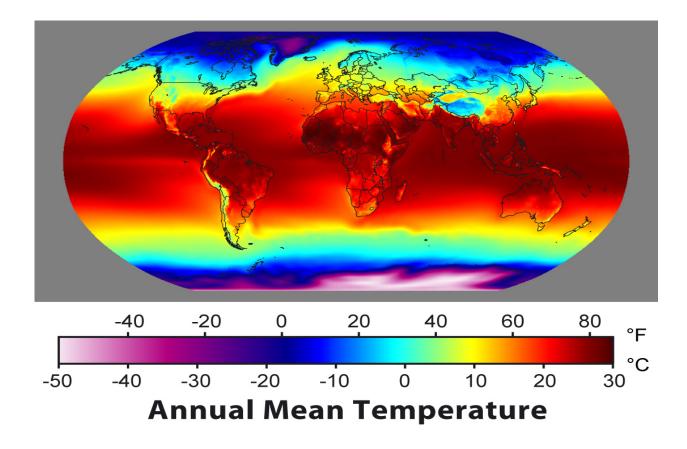
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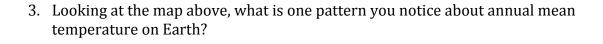
Name:	

Date:_____

- 1. The setting of *The Polar Express* is ______.
- 2. Draw an arrow to the setting of the story on the map below.







- 4. What is the annual mean temperature of the North Pole in Fahrenheit? _____
- 5. What can you infer about the weather in the North Pole and in the story?

STATEWIDE
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Directions: Underline the subject in each sentence and highlight the verb. Then, write p for plural or s for singular in the box. Write your own sentence for number 6.

The <u>subject</u> (who/what) must agree with the **verb** (the action).

Subject	Verb (present tense)
I	Am
He, She, It	Is
They, we, those, these	Are
Santa (singular)	Is
The reindeer (plural)	Are

Subject	Verb (past tense)
I	was
He, She, It	was
They, we, those, these	were
Santa (singular)	was
The reindeer (plural)	were

1. '	The <u>boy</u> was given the first gift of Christmas.
2. 7	The Polar Express is a book written by Chris Van Allsburg.
3.	Crowds of people were hoping to see Santa's sleigh.
4.	When the clock struck twelve, the reindeer were ready to fly.
5.	When the boy climbed back on the train, he was sad that he lost his bell.
6.	

Directions: Read the short passage below. Correct the subject verb agreement errors.

On one Christmas Eve, a boy were laying in his bed awaiting the sound of a train. The train were loud, making squeaking sounds. The conductor told the boy that they was heading to The North Pole! On the train, the children drank hot chocolate and ate candies. Lights was strung on the factories that made toys. When it were time for Santa to give the first gift of Christmas, he chose the boy. The boy got a bell that were taken from a reindeer's harness. Although the boy lost his bell, Santa put it under his Christmas tree that night.

lame:	Date:



Directions: Make a minimum of one text to text, text to self, and text to world connection from *The Polar Express.* When finished, share your connections with a partner. Do you have any of the same connections?

Text to Text	Text to Self	Text to World
		· @
How does <i>The Polar Express</i> remind you	How does The Polar Express remind you	How does The Polar Express remind you
of another book?	of an experience you've had?	of an event of the past, present, or future?

Name:	Date:

<u>Directions:</u> Read Chris Van Allsburg's sentences below. Each sentence is missing a minimum of one apostrophe. Edit the sentences by adding the necessary apostrophe(s).

- 1. A cool breeze blew across his face through the trucks open window. Then it happened. There was a loud "thump." Mr.Bailey jammed on his brakes. "Oh no!" he thought. "Ive hit a deer."
- 2. But it wasnt a deer the farmer found lying in the road, it was a man.
- 3. "In a few days," the doctor said, "he should remember who he is and where hes from."
- 4. Mrs. Bailey shivered. "Brrr," she said. "Theres a draft in here tonight."
- 5. When Katys father went into the fields that day, the stranger shyly tagged along.
- 6. The stranger could not take his eyes off the birds. He stared at them like a man whod beed hypnotized.
- 7. The leaves on the trees were as green as theyd been three weeks before.
- 8. The trees in the distance were bright red and orange. But the trees to the south, like those round the Baileys, were nothing but shades of green.



Name:	Date:

Directions: In the book *The Stranger*, by Chris Van Allsburg, the stranger has an impact on the change of seasons from summer to fall. Using books, internet, and other resources, answer the questions below:

WHAT CAUSES THE CHANGE OF SEASONS?



HOW DO LEAVES CHANGE COLOR?



- .		
Date:		

When the doctor came to check on the stranger, he took his temperature. When the doctor left, he did not take his thermometer because he said, "It's broken, the mercury is stuck at the bottom."

 What does it mean when mercury is stuck at the bottom of a thermome 	ter?
---	------

2. What does this indicate a	about the stranger's temper	ature?
------------------------------	-----------------------------	--------

3	Dο	vou	think the	thermometer	was	actually	hroken?
٥.	טט	you	unink une	thermometer	was	actually	DIOKEII:



Name:	Date:
THE STRANGER Directions: Uh oh! Some of the sentences below are incomplete. Remember that a complete sentence has both a subject and a verb. Read the sentences below. If they are complete, write C. If they are incomplete, write I and correct the sentence.	
1. Knelt down beside the stranger.	
2. The man on the sofa.	
3. He decided the man had lost his memory.	
4. The warm days made grow larger than ever.	
5. They worked hard.	
6. Ran to a tree and pulled off a leaf.	

8. Occasionally, Mr. Bailey would have to stop and rest.

7. High above them a flock of geese.

Name:		
maille.		

Date:_____

THE STRANGER

I think the stranger is ... _____



Clues from the story that helped me make my decision include:

- _____
- •
- •
- ______
- •

Name:	Date:

Directions: Can you identify any cause and effect relationships from the book *The Stranger*? Use the boxes below to share two cause and effect relationships from the story. The first is done for you.

CAUSE	EFFECT
The stranger's body temperature was very cold.	When the doctor took his temperature, he thought his thermometer was broken because the mercury was at the very bottom of the thermometer.

Name:	Date:



Character's Actions	Character's Appearance
Character at the beginning	Character at the end

ENS: 4.01

Date:

Directions: After reading the story *The Stranger*, go through the book and select five words you are unfamiliar with. Write the five words in the spaces below. When you are done, use a dictionary to find the definition you feel best fits the word in the book. Lastly, write a sentence of your own using the word.



Vocabulary Word	Definition	Sentence
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

K 1		
Name:		
Nullio.		

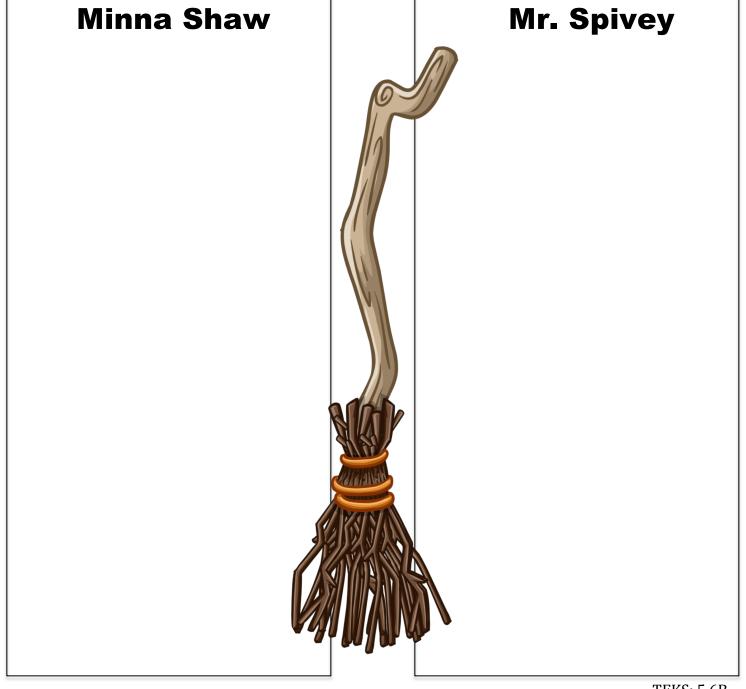
Date:_			

Directions: Fill in the blank for the analogies below.

Minna Shaw :	_ <mark>::</mark> Mr. Spivey : Gullible
Broom : Bristles <mark>::</mark> The piano:	
Minna Shaw : Teacher <mark>::</mark>	: Student
Broom: Sweep <mark>::</mark> Wood :	
Young Broom :	<mark>::</mark> Old Broom : Powerless
The Spivey Family : Fearful :: Minna S	haw
Write your own Analogy!::	::

Name:	Date:

Directions: Compare the relationship between Minna Shaw and the broom, and Mr. Spivey and the broom. Write specific examples that include: What they say, what they do, how they feel, etc.



Name: Dat	



THE VIIGOV 3 DICCITI
Directions: On the lines below, write words that can be used to turn two simple sentences into a compound sentence. Then, read the sets of sentences below and change them to compound sentences.
 Chris Van Allsburg is the author of <i>The Widow's Broom</i>. He is the author of <i>Jumanji</i> and <i>The Polar Express</i> too!
2. Most brooms lose power slowly. Sometimes brooms lose power suddenly.
3. Minna Shaw though the broom left by the witch had lost its power. She began using it around the house.
4. Minna Shaw put the broom in her closet to get some peace. The broom knocked on the door until she let it out.
5. Mr. Spivey saw the magic broom. He said, "This is the devil."

6. The broom did not put up with the Spivey boys. It did not put up with the Spivey's dog.

- 7. Did Mr. Spivey burn the magic broom? Did Minna Shaw trick him into taking an ordinary broom?
- 8. The broom came back to haunt the Spiveys. They wanted to destroy it.
- 9. The Spivey's thought the broom came back as a ghost. Minna Shaw painted it white.
- 10. The broom did not spook Minna Shaw. She enjoyed its company.

Name:_	Date:
	The Widow's Broom Quiz
1. How ca	an you tell the difference between a young and an old broom?
2. How do	pes Minna Shaw feel about witches?
3. How did	d the flying witch find the witch at Minna Shaw's house?
4. List fou	ir chores the broom could do:

5. What would the broom do when all the chores were finished around Minna's house?			
6. Complete the cause and effect rel	lationship below:		
		The broom knocked the Spivey boys to the ground.	
7. How did Minna Shaw trick the nei	ighbors?		
8. Why did the Spivey family leave to	own?		

Name:	Date:	/

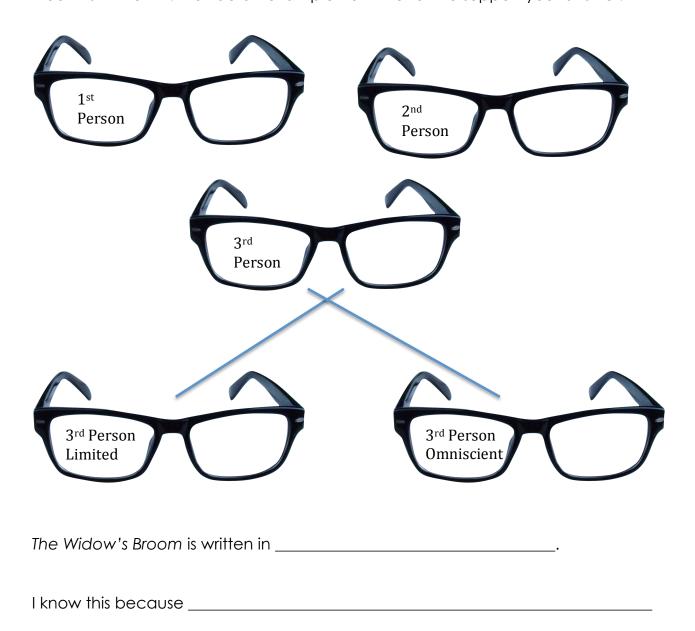
Directions: Make four inferences while reading *The Widow's Broom.* The first is done for you.

Information from the book + What you already know = Inference

What the book says:	What I already know:	My Inference:
Witches brooms don't last forever.	Witches use brooms to fly.	The witches broom will become too old to fly anymore.

Name:	Date	:

Directions: In each pair of glasses, explain/define/or show examples of that point of view. When you are done, identify what point of view *The Widow's Broom* is written in. Provide an example from the text to support your answer.



Name:	Date:

Directions: View the first five pages of *The Widow's Broom* and study the illustrations (do not read the text). When you are done, make four predictions you have for the story.







 2.

 3.

 4.

Name:		_	Date:	
	The W		Broom.	
□Title	\square Author	□Setting	□Main characters	A
□ Main ever	nts	\square Problem	□Solution	1

Name:	Date:

Directions: In the story *The Widow's Broom*, the broom left at the widow's house has special powers. Write a story about a broom left at your house by a witch. Explain all of its magical powers and what happens when your neighbors and friends find out about it. Use the graphic organizer first, then edit your work using the checklist and write your final copy.

CHECKLIST

- □ All sentences start with a capital letter
- \square All sentences end with punctuation (. ! ?)
- □ Commas (,) were used for lists, and with transitional phrases when needed A hat, a scarf, shoes, and a bag.

For example, playing in the snow.

□ 3 transitional phrases

So Because In conclusion
Therefore For example But
In addition First Too

- ☐ If a person is speaking use quotation marks!

 Michelle was frightened. She yelled out, "Please, help me!"
- ☐ Do not forget your noun verb agreement!

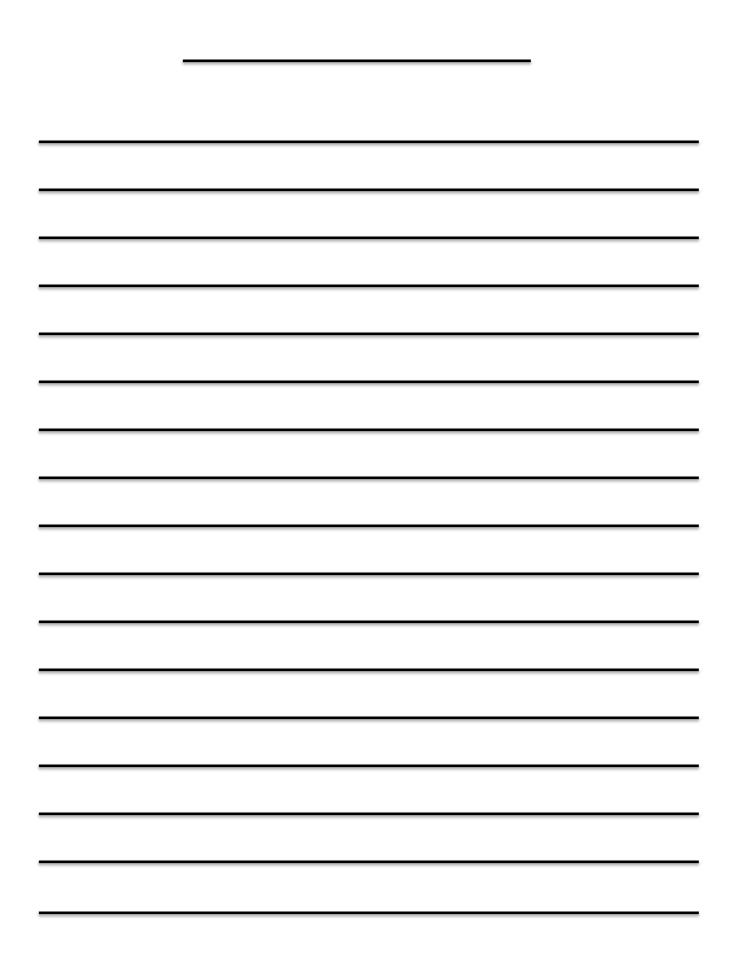
Past	Present	Future
I was	I am	I will
They were	They are	They will
He/She was	He/She is	He/She will
We were	We are	We will
It was	It is	It will
The dog was	The dog is	The dog will
The dogs were	The dogs were	The dogs will

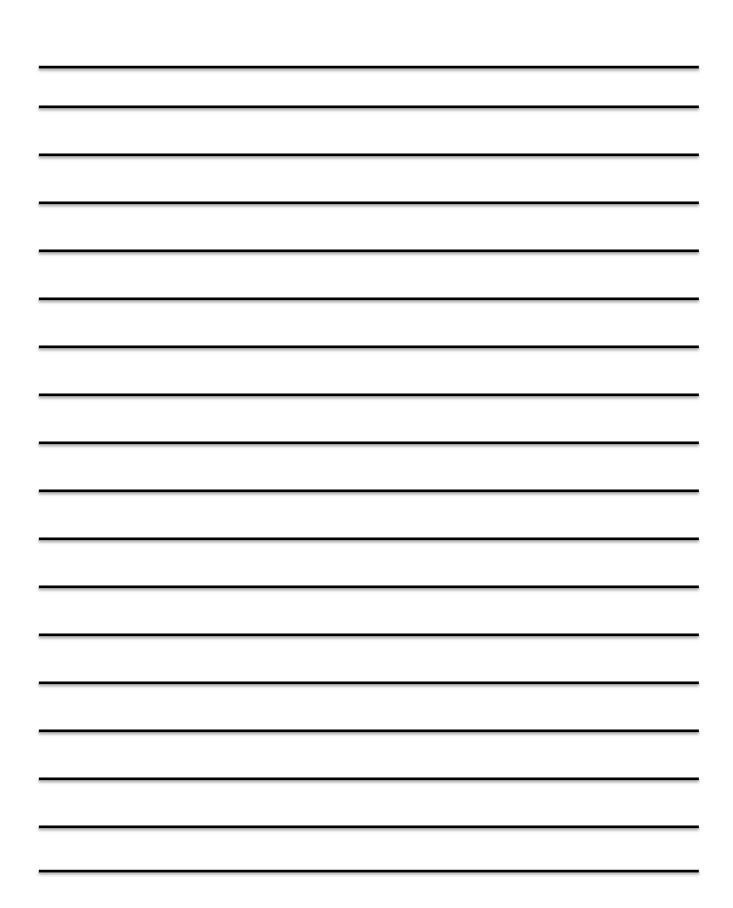
In fact

Next

Graphic Organizer

2. Second
4. Next
1. IVEAC
6. Finally





Name:		Date:	<i>Si</i> i
The V	Vidow's	Broom	
Directions: Read Chris Van Alls Use the context clues from the underlined words.	_		
1. Out of a moonlit sky a dan The witch, along with her farmhouse			_
Cloaked:			
2. Minna Shaw was asleep in dying fire glowed on the heahot coals in her hand.	irth. The witch k	nelt and took one	
Embers:			·····
3. Soon the broom could cho bring the cows in from the p	-	h water, feed the o	chickens, and

Pasture:_____

4. Occasionally, when there was nothing left to do around the widow's house, it would hop down to the road that separated Minna Shaw;s and the Spiveys' farm. The road was dirt, of course, and the broom could <u>amuse</u> itself there for hours.
Amuse:
5. The broom hopped off, but the Spivey dog ran after it, yapping and biting at its bristles.
Bristles:
6. "It sleeps in here," she whispered pointing to the closet. "If you move it carefully, it will not wake up." The men knew how strong the broom was and hoped the widow was right. They opened the closet door, revealing the slumbering broom. Slumbering:

Foreshadowing in "The Monkey's Paw"

	-
Example from story.	Explain why this is an example.
Text:	
Text:	
Text:	
Text:	
Text:	
Text:	

Name:			
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Date:			
Jaic.			

Directions: Read the passage below from Chris Van Allsburg's *The Widow's Broom.* Determine where punctuation (including commas, apostrophes, periods, etc.) should be, and add them. Be sure to make necessary edits to capitalization where necessary.

Not a week passed before the widows neighbors the Spiveys found out about the broom their farm was just down the road the only other place around it was one of the eight Spivey children who saw the broom first when the boy told his father Mr Spivey ran straight across the road to the widows house is it true he demanded did she really have such a broom

Oh yes Minna Shaw answered its wonderful she told her neighbor all about the broom and the witch whod left it behind then she took him around to the back of the house where the broom was hard at work splitting wood

Mr Spivey was horrified this is a wicked wicked thing he said this is the devil the broom stopped working and still clutching the ace hopped toward the widow and her neighbor Mr Spivey red-faced with anger turned quickly and hurried home

Name:	Date:					
	The Wi	idow's E	Broom			
Directions: What are sensory images? In the chart below, draw five pictures to represent the five senses. During or after reading <i>The Widow's Broom</i> , categorize Chris Van Allsburg's sensory details.						
Pick one of the five senses and write a sentence of your own that provides the reader with sensory images.						